THE ERIE OBSERVER.

A. P. DURLIN & CO., Proprietors. ☞ONWARD.☜ $1 50 A YEAR, in Advance.

VOLUME 23. SATURDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 5, 1853. NUMBER 39.

Erie Weekly Observer.

A. P. DURLIN & CO., PROPRIETORS

B. F. SLOAN, Editor.

OFFICE, CORNER STATE ST. AND PUBLIC SQUARE, ERIE.

TERMS OF THE PAPER.

Subscribers by the carrier, at $2,00
Mailed, or at the office, in advance, 1,50
☞If not paid in advance, or within three months from the time of subscribing, two dollars will be charged.
☞All communications must be post paid.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Cards not exceeding 4 lines, one year.	$3,00
One square " " "	10,00
do. six months,	6,00
do. three months,	3,00

Transient advertisements, 50 cents per square, of fifteen lines or less for the first insertion: 25 cents for each subsequent insertion.
☞Yearly advertisers have the privilege of changing at pleasure, but no more than are allowed to occupy more than two squares, *and to be confined to their immediate business.*
Advertisements not having other directions, will be inserted till forbid and charged accordingly.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

CARSON GRAHAM,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, in George A. Elliot's office, east side of the park, Erie. 34

JAMES ROSS SNOWDEN,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, No. 155, Third Street, Pittsburgh. 34

JOHN W. RIDDELL,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.—Office, Fifth Street, between Smithfield and Grant Streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.

VINCENT HIMROD & CO.
MANUFACTURERS of Stoves, Hollow Ware, Engines, Machinery, Rail Road Cars, etc., State St., Erie Pa.

THOMAS M. AUSTIN,
(Late of the firm of G. Loomis & Co.)
DEALER in Clocks, Watches, Jewelry, Silver Spoons, Musical Instruments, Looking Glasses, Lamps and Fancy Goods, wholesale and retail.

JOHN GOALDING,
FASHIONABLE TAILOR, and Habit Maker—Shop on the east side of State street, two doors north of Eight, and adjoining J. H. Ribble & Co's Cabinet Ware-Room, Erie, Penna.

CLARK & METCALF,
WHOLESALE and retail dealers in Dry Goods, Carpets, and Dry Groceries No. 1 Reed House.

WILLIAMS & WRIGHT.
BANKERS, Collectors and Dealers in Gold and Silver coin, uncurrent Money, Land Warrants and certificates of Deposite. Also Sight Drafts on the principal cities of the Union, and all parts of the Old Country for sale. Office, Williams' Block, corner of State-st., and Public Square.
C. E. WILLIAMS. C. B. WRIGHT.

J. G. & W. I. MILLS,
PROPRIETORS and Wholesale Dealers in Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Segars.—Also, Foreign Fruit, Nutts, Pickles and Pickled Oysters, Lobsters, Preserves, and Hermetically Sealed articles of every description always on hand, No. 3, William's Block, State-st., opposite Brown's New Hotel, Erie, Pa.
J. G. MILLS, New York. WM. I. MILLS, Buffalo.
☞Also receiving in their season, Oysters in shell, from J. G. Mills & Co. New York, which will be sold Wholesale at low prices
A. C. JACKSON, Agent, Erie, Pa.

DURLIN & SLOAN.
DEALERS in Classical, School and Miscellaneous Books, Blank Books, Stationery, and Printer's Cards, No. 9,-Brown's new Block, Erie Pa.
A. P. DURLIN. B. F. SLOAN.

T. W. MOORE,
DEALER in Groceries, Provisions, Wines, Liquors, Candies, Fruit, &c., One door below Loomis & Co's State street, Erie.

JOHN B. COOK,
DEALER in Staple & Fancy Dry Goods, and the Greatest variety Variety Store in the City. Cheap Side, Erie, Pa.

STERRETT & GRAY.
IMPORTERS, Jobbers and Retail Dealers in Wet and Dry Groceries Provisions, Produce, Foreign and Domestic Fruit, Wooden, Willow and Stone Ware, Flour, Fish, Salt, Glass, Nails, Powder, Shot, Caps, Sperm and Fish Oils, &c., &c., French Street, opposite the Reed House, Erie, Pa.
☞Steam and Canal Boats, Vessels, Hotels, and Private families supplied with any of the above articles with promptness and very cheap.

WM. S. LANE.
Attorney and Counsellor at Law.
OFFICE over Jackson's store, at North-East corner of the Public Square.

DOCTORS BEEBE & STEWART,
PRACTISING Physicians and Surgeons. Office and Residence—French & Sassafras Streets.
Office hours from 7 to 8, A. M; 1 to 3, and 6 to 7, P. M.
A. BEEBE, M. D. J. L. STEWART, M. D.

JOHN HEARN & CO.
FORWARDING and Commission Merchants, dealer in Coal, Salt, Fish, and agent for a daily line of upper lake Steamers, Public Dock Erie Pa.

LIDDELL & Co.
MANUFACTURERS, Manufacturers of Iron Fence, Railing, Steamboat Work, &c., &c., State, between 7 h and 8th, Streets, Erie.

AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY.
Office Removed to No. 5 Reed Block, State Street.
Eastern Express closes at 11½ o'clock, A. M.
Western " " 2½ o'clock, P. M.
O. D. STAFFORD, Agent.

GEORGE J. MORTON.
(Late of the firm of J. Hearn & Co.,)
FORWARDING and Commission Merchant, Public Dock, Erie, Pa. Dealer in Coal, Salt, Fish, Flour and Plaster.

D. D. WALKER & CO.,
FORWARDING, produce and Commission Merchants, second Ware House East of the Public Bridge, Erie Pa.
☞—Dealers in Coal, Salt, Plaster, Stucco, Fish, Lime and Lime Stone, Iron, Nails, Stoves, Castings, &c., &c., with unsurpassed facilities for shipping either by Steamboats, Propellers, Schooners, or by Rail Road.

W. H. KNOWLTON,
WATCHMAKER and Repairer, Dealer in Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Musical Instruments, Looking Glasses and other Fancy Goods. Three one door west of the Reed House. 17

ARBUCKLE & KEPLER.
DEALERS in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Crockery, &c. No 2 Perry Block, State street, Erie, Pa.

DR. C. BRANDES.
PHYSICIAN and SURGEON—Office at his residence on Eighth street, between French and Holland, Erie, Pa.

M. SANFORD & CO.,
DEALERS in Gold, Silver, Bank Notes, Drafts, Certificates of Deposit, &c. Sight Exchange on the principal cities constantly for sale. Office in Beatty's Block, Public Square, Erie.

T. HERON STUART.
SURGEON AND PHYSICIAN—Office, corner of French and Fifth streets, over Moses Koch's store. Residence on Fourth street, one door east of the old Apothecary Hall.

RUFUS REED,
DEALER in English, German and American Hardware and Cutlery; Iron, Nails, Anvils, Vices, Iron and Steel No. 3 Reed House, State, Pa.

CADWELL & BENNETT,
IMPORTERS, Jobbers, and Retail Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Glassware, Carpeting, Hardware, Iron, Steel, Nails, Spikes, &c. Empire Stores State Street, four doors, below Brown's Hotel, Erie, Pa.
☞—Anvils, Vices, Bellows, Axle Arms, Springs, and a general assortment of Saddle and Carriage Trimmings.

S. MERVIN SMITH,
ATTORNEY AT Law and Justice of the Peace, and Agent for the Key Stone Mutual Life Insurance Company—Office 3 doors west of Wrights store, Erie, Pa.

GEORGE H. CUTLER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, Girard, Erie County, Pa. Collections and other business attended to with promptness and dispatch.

JOSIAH KELLOGG,
Forwarding & Commission Merchant, on the Public Dock, east of State street.
Salt, Plaster and White Fish, constantly for sale.

I. ROSENZWEIG & Co.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS in Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods, ready made Clothing, Boots and Shoes, &c., No. 1 Wright's Block, State street, Erie.

MARSHALL & VINCENT,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW—Office up stairs in Tammany Hall building north of the Prothonotary's office, Erie.

MURRAY WHALLON,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW—Office over C. B. Wright's Store, entrance one door west of State street, on the Diamond, Erie.

TIBBALS, & HAYES,
DEALERS in Dry Goods, Dry Groceries, Crockery, Hardware, &c. No. 1, Brown's New Hotel.

SMITH JACKSON,
DEALER in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queens Ware, Lime, Iron, Nails, &c., 121, Cheapside, Erie, Pa.

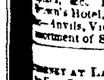
WILLIAM RIBLET,
FURNITURE Maker Upholster, and Undertaker, corner of State and Seventh streets, Erie.

CARTER & BROTHER,
WHOLESALE and Retail dealers in Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Dye-stuffs Glass, &c, No. 6, Reed House, Erie.

JAMES LYTLE,
FASHIONABLE Merchant Tailor, on the public square, a few doors west of State street, Erie,

JOHN H. BURTON & CO.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL dealers in Drugs, Medicines, Dye Stuffs, Groceries, &c. No. 5, Reed House, Erie.

M. CHAPIN, RESIDENT DENTIST—Office on the south side of the Diamond, five doors east of the Erie Bank. Prices reasonable, and all work warranted. Erie June 19 1850.



DR. O. L. ELLIOTT,
Resident Dentist; Office and dwelling on the South side of the Public Square, 1st door East of the Erie Bank Building. Teeth inserted on Gold Plate, from one to an entire set. Carious teeth filled with pure Gold, and restored to health and usefulness. Teeth cleaned with instruments and Dentifice so as to show them of pellucid cleanness. All work warranted.

Poetry and Miscellany.

THE DIM OLD WOODS.

The dim old woods in the wintry time!
How solemn and sad their tone,
When the winds sweep through with a moaning chime,
The aisle of the forest lone!
When the root its wonted thirst hath lost,
For the flow of the hidden rill—
And the fragile shoot is still with frost,
And the sap in its cell is still—
When each gay leaf, that threw so soft
It shades o'er summer's brow,
Hath flown from its wavy sphere aloft,
To rest 'neath the starry snow—
When each sweet flower, with scented cup,
Frail withering where it grew,
Hath closed its fatal petals up,
No more to drink the dew—
And when each trembling note that gushed,
In soft and silvery song,
And the insect hum, are silent hushed,
The leafless bows among!
Ah! sorrowing seem those woods so dim,
As they lift their branches bare—
The shivering twig and the rigid limb,
To the clasp of the frosty air;
And they seem to mourn, 'mid the wintry storm,
For the flush of the greenwood bough,
And sigh for the sere and ruined bloom
That sleeps on the earth below.
And yet, those dark, sad solitudes!
I love their music well—
When whispering Echo fills the woods
With tones of her murmering shell—
For though the wind no voice doth own,
As it sleeps in the silent tree,
Yet the forest breath with hollow moan,
Like the sound of the ceaseless sea—
As the spirit forms of leaves and flowers
That grace warm summer's smile,
Where rustling still among the bowers,
Where'erst they shone, the while—
And the spangled frost work, cold and bright,
That gleams on twig and stem,
Seems a throne for each of frozen light,
With a diamond diadem!
Oh! I love those gems by the sunbeam kissed,
As they swing in the sparkling air,
And I love in the dim old woods to list
To the voices stirring there!

ELISE DE VAUX.

BY FANNY FERN.

"Well, doctor, what do you think of her? She has set her heart upon going to that New Year's Ball, and it will never do to disappoint her, poor thing."

The blunt old doctor bit his lip impatiently, and striking his gold-headed cane in no very gentlemanly manner upon the floor, said—

"Think! I think it would be perfect insanity for her to attempt it. I won't be answerable for the consequences."

"Pshaw! my dear sir; she has had a dozen attacks before, quite as bad, and—"

"And that is the very reason why she should be more cautious now, madam. Good morning—good morning! Heaven save me from these fashionable mothers," he muttered, as he banged the door behind him. "She'll kill the girl, and then her death will be laid to my door—ugh!—it would be a comfort if one could meet a sensible woman occasionally."

Elise was sitting in bed, propped up by pillows, when her mother entered. If youth, grace and beauty could bribe the destroyer, or turn aside his unerring aim, then she had been spared. Her cheek was marble pale, and rested wearily on one little hand; the eyes were closed as if sleeping, and from the other hand a few choice flowers had escaped, and lay scattered on the snowy counterpane.

"Oh! is that you, mamma? I hope you have made that stupid doctor give me something that will set me up. I feel such a deadly sinking—from want of nourishment, I fancy. Do pray see what you can get for me. I hope Dr. Wyman don't presume to interfere about my going to the Ball, because I intend to go, dead or alive; and mama, while my lunch is getting ready, bring me my dress and let me see if Jeannet has placed the trimmings where they should be, and have a ruche placed around the wrist of my kid gloves; and mama, don't forget to send to Auster's for that pearl spray I selected for my hair; and by the way just had me that mirror; I am afraid I am looking awfully pale."

"Not now," said the frightened mother, "you are too weary. Wait till you have had some refreshments," and the pale beauty sank back on her pillow, crushing a wealth of dark rinlets, and closed her eyes wearily in spite of her determination to be well.

A ring at the door! (a bright flush came to her cheek.) "That's Vivian, mama. Tell him—tell him—(and a sharp pain through her temples forced her to pause;) tell him I'm better, and he may call for me at ten to-morrow night; and, mamma, hand him this;" and she drew a little perfumed note from beneath her pillow, with a rose-bud crushed in its folds.

"Draw aside the curtain, Jeannet! Oh! we shall have a nice evening for the dance; now hand me my dressing gown. Mamma that medicine is perfectly miraculous—I never felt better. Heaven knows where I should have been, had you not called in a better counsellor than Dr. Wyman. He would like me for a patient a year, I dare say, but I knew better than to line his pockets in that way;" and she skipped gaily across the floor to a large fanteuil and called Jeannet to arrange her hair.

"Softly—softly, Jeannet? my head is not quite right yet. There, that will do," said Elise, as the skillful French woman bound tress after tress in glossy braids around her well formed head. Now place that pearl spray a little to the left, just over my ear,—pretty, is it not, mamma?"

"Here, Jeannet!" and she extended the dainty foot for its silken hose and satin slipper.

"Rest awhile now, Elise," said her mother, as she looked apprehensively at the bright crimson spot on her cheek, that grew deeper every moment, and contrasted so strikingly with the marble paleness of her brow. I'm afraid you are going beyond your strength."

"Mamma what are you thinking about? Look at me! and see how well I look. Besides, I'd go to this ball to-night, if it cost me my life. Mable has triumphed over me once; she shall not do it a second time. Besides there is really no danger, I feel wild with spirits to-night, and anticipate a most brilliant evening," and she clasped the pearl pendants in her small ears, and the light, fleecy dress fell in soft folds about her graceful person, and upon her fair arm placed his gift, and taking in her hand the rich boquet, every flower of which whispered hopes to her young heart, she held up her cheek with a bewitching smile, and said—

"Now Kiss me, mamma, and say that you are proud of Elise."

And now Jeannet, with officious care, draws the rich opera cloak about her shoulders and with a thousand charges from mamma to beware of the draughts, partake sparingly of ices, and not weary herself with dancing, the carriage wheels roll away from the door freighted with their lovely burden.

"Elise de Vaux here!" said a tall, queenly girl, attired in black velvet; and she curled her pritty lip with ill-concerted vexation. "I thought her dying or near it;" and as Elise glided gracefully past in the dance, every eye followed her, and every tongue eloquent in her praise, Mable's cheek paled with anger.

"How radiant she is! how dazzling! Sickness has but enhanced her beauty, and how proudly Vivian bears her through the waltz! Every step they take is on my heart strings? This must not, shall not be! Courage, coward heart!" and mastering her feelings with a strong exercise of will, soon brought the rose to her cheek, her eye grew wildly brilliant, and, had not Vivian been magnetised past recall, his eye would have been caught by the dazzling vision.

"Heavens! that is not Elise de Vaux!" said a nephew of Dr. Wyman's. "What mad folly! My uncle told me if she came it would be at the price of her life. How surpassingly beautiful she is!"

"No sleep till morn, when youth and pleasure meet,
To chase the glowing hours with flying feet."

"What unearthly beauty!" said the old man to a youth, on whose arm he was leaning, as Elise glid past. Who is she?"

"Elise de Vaux."

"Well, why do you look at her so wildly? Has Cupid aimed a dart at you out of those lovely blue eyes?"

"Good God!" said the young man, leaping forward as a piercing shriek came upon the air.—"Make room! help! throw up the windows!" and Elise was borne past, gasping, senseless, to the cool night air.

Aye, Vivian! kneel at her side, chafe the little jewelled hands, put back the soft hair from the azure veined temples, press the pulseless wrist, listen for the beating heart—in vain!—Elise is DEAD!

And in the arms of him for whom she had thrown away her life, she was borne to her home. The diamond sparkled mockingly on the clay-cold fingers, the pearls still lingering amid her soft ringlets, the round symmetrical limbs still fair in their beautiful proportions. The HEART she coveted was GAINED—the dear bought victory WON!

Romance of Real Life—A Holiday Incident.

The butchers of Cincinnati are proverbial for their whole-souled generosity. No class of our citizens are so frequently called upon to sympathize with the suffering poor, and by their acts, not words, show their noble nature. A pleasant incident came under our observation yesterday morning. A lady, whose attire was scrupulously clean, but of humble fabric, exhibiting plainly that her needle had often been in requisition, to repair the effects of wear and time. Her thin shawl was closely drawn about her person, meagerly shielding her from the inclemency of the weather; her bonnet had passed through no fashionable milliner's hand to be remodelled to the latest style, but it also, as did her other dress, spoke plainly of hours, snatched probably from sleep, to repair the ravages of time. Her face had once been handsome, but care and unceasing toil had stamped there indelibly their marks; her fragile form seemed more fitted for the cosy fireside, than to brave the chilling blasts of winter.

She stood within the entrance of the market-house, her little basket on her arm, and the small pittance of a hard day's toil, grasped in her hand—she looked at the stall on which was temptingly spread, in rich profusion, meats of every kind, she cast her eyes along until they rested upon a small untempting looking piece—undecided—apparently calculating whether this luxury to her would not be purchased at too great a price, precluding other things necessary to her very existence and of her little ones. Our good butcher, who would shrink from having his kind act made known, immediately divined the cause of her hesitation, said "madam, here's a nicer piece," at the same time laying a noble roast and steak in her basket; she was about to reply, "I cannot purchase it;" when he interrupted her by saying "tis nothing—nothing, these are holiday times," and he hastily left his stall. Before she could gain her self-possession, for it had been long since kind words and kinder acts had been her lot to receive, he returned and filled her basket with a variety of vegetables, saying "may you have a happy New Year, as I hope to have myself."

Tears swelled up in that poor woman's eyes, her swelling heart choked her utterance. She could hardly say "God bless you," as she moved towards her home, with a heart lighter than when she left her little ones that morning, hardly knowing where the necessary food was to be procured to save them from the keen pangs of hunger. This is no fancy sketch—a thing of almost every day's occurrence. They will have their reward.—*Cin. Nonpareil.*

A STATE WITH TOO MUCH MONEY.—The St. Louis Evening News exults in the following fashion, over the exemption of Missouri from all State debt:

"Missouri has no State debt, no incomplete and abandoned works of internal improvements, and no harrassing 'semi annual' instalments of interest to pay. The State Treasury is full and overflowing, and Gov. King, in his late message, announces that the revenue of the State is larger than the wants of the State Government require, and he suggests a reduction of taxes!"

☞Do not be unhappy if you have not married a professed beauty. They generally admire themselves so much, they have no love left for their husbands. Besides, it might not perhaps have been very agreeable to you to see every fellow, as you went into public places, look at your wife as if he could devour her with his eyes.

YOUNG AGAIN.

An old man sits in a high-backed chair
Before an open door,
While the sun of a summer afternoon
Falls hot across the floor,
And the drowsy click of an ancient clock
Has notched the hour of four.

A breeze blows in and a breeze blows out
From the scented summer air,
And it flutters now on his wrinkled brow,
And now it lifts his hair;
And the leaden lid of his eye drops down,
And he sleeps in his high-backed chair.

The old man sleeps, and the old man dreams,
His head drops on his breast,
His hands relax their feeble hold,
And fall to his lap in rest.
The old man sleeps, and in sleep he dreams,
And in dreams again is blest.

The years unrol their fearful scroll;
He is a child again,
A mother's tones are in his ear,
And drift across his brain;
He chases gaudy butterflies
Far down the rolling plain.

He plucks the wild rose in the woods,
And gathers eglantine,
And holds the golden buttercups
Beneath his sister's chin;
And angles in the meadow brook
With a bent and naked pin.

He loiters down the grassy lane
And by the brimming pool,
And a sigh escapes his parted lips
As he hears the bell for school—
And he wishes it never were nine o'clock,
And the morning never were full.

A mother's hand is pressed on his head,
Her kiss is on his brow—
A summer breeze blows in at the door
With a toss of a leafy bough,
And the boy is a white-haired man again,
And his eyes are tear-filled now.

The "Old Guard" at Waterloo.

The following description of the last charge by the Old French Guard at Waterloo, is derived from a French work entitled "Histoire de la Garde Imperiale, relue par M. Emile Marco de Saint Hiliare," and is interesting at the present moment:

"During the day the artillery of the Guard, under Drouet, maintained its old renown; and the Guard itself had frequently been used to restore the battle in various parts of the field, and always with success. The English were fast becoming exhausted, and in an hour more would doubtless have been forced into a disastrous defeat but for the timely arrival of Blucher. But when they saw him with his thirty thousand Prussians approaching, their courage revived while Napoleon was filled with amazement. A beaten enemy was about to form a junction with the allies, while Grouchy, who had been sent to keep him in check, was nowhere to be seen. Alas! what great plans a single inefficient commander overthrew.

In a moment Napoleon saw that he could not sustain the attack of so many fresh troops, if once allowed to form a junction with the allied farces, and he determined to stake his fate on one bold cast, and endeavor to pierce the allied centre with a grand charge of the Old Guard, and thus throw himself between the two armies. For this purpose the Imperial Guard was called up and divided into two immense columns, which were to meet in the British centre. Those under Reille no sooner entered the fire than it disappeared like mist. The other was placed under Ney, "the bravest of the brave," and the order to advance given. Napoleon accompanied them part of the way down the slope, and halting for a moment in the hollow, addressed them a few words. He told them the battle rested with them, and that he relied on their valor, tried in so many fields. "Vive l'Empereur!" answered him with a shout that was heard above the thunder of artillery.

The whole continental struggle exhibits no sublimer spectacle than this last effort of Napoleon to save his sinking empire. The greatest military energy and skill the world possessed had been taxed to the utmost during the day. Thrones were tottering on the turbulent field, and the shadows of fugitive kings flitted through the smoke of battle.—Bonaparte's star trembled in the zenith—new blazidg out in its ancient splendor, now suddenly paling before the anxious eye. The intense anxiety with which he watched the advance of that column, and the terrible suspense he suffered when the smoke of battle wrapped it from sight, and the utmost despair of his heart when the curtain lifted over a fugitive army, and the despairing shriek rang out, "The Guard recoils!" "The Guard recoils!" make us for a moment forget all the carnage in sympathy with his distress.

The Old Guard felt the pressure of the immense responsibility, and resolved not to prove unworthy of the great trust committed to its care. Nothing could be more imposing than its movement to the assault. It had never recoiled before a human foe, and the allied forces beheld with awe its firm and steady advance to the final charge. For a moment the batteries stopped playing, the firing ceased along the British lines, as, without the beating of a drum or a bugle-note to cheer their steady courage, they moved in dead silence over the field. Their tread was like muffled thunder, while the dazzling helmets of the cuirassiers flashed long streams of light behind the dark and terrible mass that swept in one strong wave along. The stern Drouet was there amid his guns, and on every brow was written the unalterable resolution to conquer or die. The next moment the artillery opened, and the head of that gallant column seemed to sink in the earth. Rank after rank went down, yet they neither stopped nor faltered. Dissolving squadrons and whole battalions disappearing one after another in the destructive fire affected not their steady courage. The ranks closed up as before, and each, treading over his fallen comrade, passed unflinchingly on.

The horse which Ney rode fell under him, and scarcely had he mounted another before it also sank to the earth, and so another and another, till five in succession had been shot under him. Then, with his drawn sabre, he marched sternly at the head of his column. In vain did the artillery hurl its storm of iron into that living mass. Up to the very muzzles they pressed, and driving the artillery men from their places, pushed on through the English lines. But just as the victory seemed won, a file of soldiers, who had laid flat on the ground behind a low ridge of earth, suddenly rose and poured a volley into their faces. Another and another followed, till one broad sheet of flame rolled on their bosoms, and in such a fierce and unexpected flow that they staggered back before it. Before the Guard had time to rally again and advance, a heavy column of infantry fell on its left flank in close and deadly volleys, causing it, in its unsettled state, to swerve to the right. At that instant a whole brigade of cavalry thundered on the right flank, and penetrated where cavalry had never gone before.

That intrepid Guard could have borne up against the unexpected fire from soldiers they did not see, and would also have rolled back the infantry that had boldly charged its left flank; but the cavalry finished the disorder into which they had been momentarily thrown, and broke the shaken ranks before they had time to reform, and the eagles of that hitherto invincible Guard were pushed backward down the slope. It was then that the army, seized with despair, shrieked out, "The Guard recoils! The Guard recoils!" and turned and fled in wild dismay. To see the Guard in confusion was a sight they had never before beheld, and it froze every heart with terror. Still those veterans refused to fly; rallying from their disorder, they formed into two immense squares of eight battalions, and turned fiercely on the enemy, nobly strove to stem the reversed tide of battle.

For a long time they stood and let the cannon balls plough through their ranks, disdaining to turn their backs on the foe. Michel, at the head of those battalions, fought like a lion. To every command of the enemy to surrender, he replied, "The Guard dies—it never surrenders;" and with his last breath bequeathing this glorious motto to the Guard, he fell a witness to its truth. Death traversed those eight battalions with such a rapid footstep that they soon dwindled away to two, which turned in hopeless daring on the overwhelming numbers that pressed their retiring footsteps.

Last of all but a single battalion, the debris of the "column of granite" at Marengo, were left. Into this Napoleon flung himself. Cambronne, its brave commander, saw with terror the Emperor in its frail keeping. He was not struggling for victory—he was intent only on showing how the Guard should die. Approaching the Emperor he cried out, "Retire! Do you not see that death has no need of you!" and closing mournfully yet sternly round their expiring eagles, those brave hearts bade Napoleon an eternal adieu, and flinging themselves on the enemy, were soon piled with the dead at their feet.

Many of the officers were seen to destroy themselves rather than survive defeat. Thus, greater in its own defeat than any other corps of men in gaining a victory, the Old Guard, passed from the stage, and the curtain dropped upon its strange career. It has fought its last battle.

IMPORTANT TO RAILROAD COMPANIES AND THE TRAVELING PUBLIC.—An action brought to recover damages for the wrongful ejecting of a passenger from the cars of the Hamilton and Dayton Railroad Company, was tried yesterday, in the Superior Court. The plaintiff, George Alexander, claimed that he had entered the cars as a passenger at Dayton, having purchased a ticket which he accidently lost before called on by the conductor. On the other side it was claimed that the plaintiff had not bought any ticket; but that if he had, having lost it, he was bound to pay over again. It was shown in aggravation that the plaintiff was put out on a cold winter's morning, the nearest house being some three or four thousand yards off, and that the plaintiff's feet were injured by the frost and cold.

In his charge to the jury, Judge Headley informed them that a corporation stood on no higher grounds than any other carrier—that the ticket given by the Railroad Company was the best evidence of payment, but if the party had actually paid for his seat in the cars, the loss of the ticket would only put him to the trouble of proving he had paid, and the Railroad Company would have no right to turn him out.

It being suggested on the part of the defendant that if the ticket were found by another person it might have been passed on the conductor, the Court remarked that the ticket was not negotiable; and if the company chose to put it in a shape by which they might be imposed upon, that would not alter the rights of other parties.

The jury, after a short deliberation, brought in a verdict for plaintiff, with $500 damages.—*Cincinnati Com., Jan. 14.*

NO FICTION.—The other day it was a bitter cold morning, as we were wending our way to the office, we passed on the street, a little girl some eight or nine years old, thinly clad, a pair of ragged shoes picked up probably in the street, and "a world too wide" for her slender feet. Her scant and faded calico dress, her almost total covering, scarce reached to the knee, and her little legs were as red as a pigeon's with the cold. The instinct of charity, as we rapidly passed, (and the whole spectacle was but a *coup'de œil,)* induced us to feel in our pockets for something wherewith to buy her a pair of stockings. Unfortunately for our bump of sympathy, it did not contain "a red." We hurried on—eager to escape the nipping air, and amid the cares of business, it soon escaped us, but the vision of that poor trembling child comes up to our mind's eye, and upbraids us that we did not step into some store hard by and "run our face" for something to protect those little limbs from the keen and pitiless blast. For the nonce we are free to confess we were without our usual presence of mind. Does it not seem strange that so young and delicate a child should have traversed our streets without encountering some "good shepherd?" It will be a long time before it will entirely fade from our memory, one good deed we might have done, omitted. Perhaps had we not been so warmly clad, our senses would have been more alive. Though a simple incident of actual occurrence, one day last week, it involves a moral.—*Louisville Times.*

☞I do not ask that women may fill offices in the Cabinet, or represent either the army or navy. I do not urge them out to command ships, or build railroads, to harangue in public places, or fill pulpits. These are matters that I leave entirely to human capabilities. But I *do* ask that no civil disabilities be attached to us, any more than to our brothers, in regard to these positions. If we aspire to them, and prove ourselves inconsistent, the world will readily learn the fact, just as it learns eventually to detect any incompetency in the other sex. *Mrs. E. Oakes Smith.*

Genealogical Sermon.

I had, at one time, for a co-curate a very impulsive and rather democratic man. Our rector was an aristocrat. On Sunday he had delivered himself of a sermon in which he incidentally justified family pride, and spoke in a manner that must have been offensive to any poor person of any intelligence or independence; and, as we were leaving the church, my brother curate exclaimed, with unaffected indignation, "Well, that crowns ——'s toadying discourses. Such flunkeyism is intolerable. But I'll administer an anecdote next Sunday; see if I don't. Like Herod's worms, our rector's pride is eating him up." I did not attempt to dissuade him. Our rector treated both of us with a condescension that was anything but flattering; and he thought more of being a "gentleman" (upon which he was always indirectly vaunting himself) than of being a Christian, *forgetting what Coleridge said,* that there was no real gentleman without he was a Christian.

Next Sunday morning my brother curate carried out his threat. He told me nothing about how he proposed to manage or mould his course; so judge *my surprise when, mounting the pulpit,* he gave out as his text, the 3d chapter of Luke, part of the 23d, and the whole of the 24th, 25th, 26th, 27th, 28th, 29th, 30th, 31st, 32d, 33d, 34th, 35th, 36th, 37th and 38th verses; "in which (he continued) will be found the following words;" and then, to the marvel of the whole congregation, *who turned towards the* pulpit with eyes and mouth open, he read right through the sixteen verses, beginning with—"Joseph, which was the son of Heli," and ending with, "which was the son of Enos, which was the son of Seth, which was the son of Adam, which was the son of God." Every one is familiar with the peculiar and strange effect upon the ear of the repitition of words, "which was the son," when even occurring in the reading desk; but in the pulpit, as a prefix to a sermon in the shape of a text, they sounded oddly. The rector looked at me as if for an explanation, and I did not know where to look; while the principal persons of the parish manifestly came to the conclusion that my brother curate was gone mad. But, if he were, he soon showed them there was method in his madness; for he ingeniously evolved out of these sixteen verses a discourse that might have served as an essay on the Republican legend of "Liberty, Equality and Fraternity." The reader has probably anticipated me in the use he made of his long text.

"Here (said he) we have a genealogical tree, not traced by the flattery of sycophants, nor the uncertainty of heralds, but by the unerring Evangelist, whose inspiration enabled him to mount from branch to branch—a genealogy beginning with God, and ending, so far as my text goes, with a poor Galilean carpenter. Here is a lesson and a rebuke for the pride of descent. The poorest carpenter, in the poorest village in England, can retrace his lineage through the same unbroken succession; and the proudest peer can do no more, unless the latter, in his presumption, should be disposed to ignore his divine origin. But it would be no use; by whatever different branches, they arrive at the same root; the noble and the peasant, if both had the power of going back over their ancestry, would both meet at the 38 verse of the 3d chapter of Luke, 'Which was the son of Enos, which was the son of Seth, which was the son of Adam, which was the son of God.'

"Here (he continued, looking at the rector's and the squire's pews)—here we all meet on equal terms. Disown them as we like in other degrees, here we are brought face to face with, and can no longer refuse to acknowledge our poor relations."

Then, looking to some forms on which a group of alms-house people sat, he added:—

"Here, too, my poor friends, you and your 'superiors' meet in the presence of your common parent, the great God of heaven and earth, in whose eyes the fictitious distinctions of the world are naught. Cold-shoulder you as they like through life, they cannot ignore their relationship when they come to this; they can no longer speak of you, spurn you, as though you were formed of different clay. The carpenter and the king are one; and how little importance St. Luke, who was no sycophant genealogist, attaches even to the regal office, may be seen from the manner in which he passes through the 31st verse, where no pause is made to mark the proud title of David, which was merely the son of Jesse, which was the son of Obed, and so on."

In conclusion he urged the poor man to live up to his great origin, and not disentitle himself to that great share in the inheritance of which his heavenly Father had laid up for his children who truly serve him. They need not care for the proud man disowning them now; the thing to be feared was God disowning them on the last day. The rich he enjoined to feel for the poor as for brothers, if they would not offend that great Being who has a father's interest for all.

I thought the rector would never forgive my co-curate; but the only notice he took of the eccentric discourse was to cease for ever after preaching to the "humbler orders," of the deference they owed their "superiors." It was before so bad that a neighboring clergyman said to me, "If your rector had to put on an eleventh commandment, it would run thus: "Thou shalt not neglect to take off thy hat to myself and the squire."

TAKEN AT HIS OFFER.—A friend says the editor of the Waterford Sentinel, was taken at his offer a day or two since. He published the following:

"We shall insert no marriage notice, unless accompanied by the sum of one dollar."—*Exchange.*

"We shall insert all marriage notices for a kiss of the bride."—*Waterford Sentinel.*

A few days after, a plump-looking colored girl entered his office, for the purpose of informing her friends, and the colored gentry generally, that she had taken to herself one Sambo, "for better or for wus." The editor replied that he should have to charge her twenty-five cents. She hesitated a moment, and then opening a paper, pointed to the article in question. The editor blushed, and the bride turned pale, but whether they kissed, deponent saith not.

NO YOU DON'T JUDGE.—*Scene in Court of Justice—Boy, Witness in Case of Assault on Mr. Brown.*

Judge (with dignity)—Young man do you know this Brown?

Boy (looking roguishly at his Honor, and shaking his head)—No yer don't Judge.

Judge (indignantly)—What do you mean by that, sir? Answer my question; do you know this Brown?

Boy (with a peculiar wink)—no yer don't, Judge.

Judge (in a rage)—Answer me, you young villain, or I will commit you for contempt of Court; do you know this Brown?

Boy (applying his thumb to the tip of his nose, and wriggling mysteriously his elongated fingers) —Yer can't come it, Judge; I know what yer want —yer want me to say what Brown, and then yer goin' to say—*Brown Stout!* No yer don't Judge!

Political and General News.

ARRIVAL OF THE STAR OF THE WEST.

TWO WEEKS LATER FROM CALIFORNIA.

GREAT FRESHETS—SUFFERING AND LOSS OF LIFE.

The Steamship Star of the West, from San Juan Nicaragua, arrived at New York yesterday morning, bringing two weeks later news from California.—By this arrival three hundred passengers reached New York. The Star of the West brings but a small amount in gold.

The passengers report the transit across the isthmus to be in a very excellent condition.

On the 19th the Star of the West was boarded by the captain of the barque John Colby, of New York, from Navy Bay for St. Marks, requesting a supply of medicines, as all his crew were sick, and one already dead.

The San Francisco *Times* of the 1st inst., says the amount of treasure to be shipped by the steamer of the 1st., for Panama, is $1,821,287, the smallest sent forward by any one of these steamers for many months. The deficiency is believed to be but temporary, and is mainly attributable to the difficulty in bringing gold from the mines during the present inclement season.

FAMINE AND DREADFUL SUFFERING AT THE MINES.—The accounts received from the mining districts are heart-rending. Deaths by cold and starvation have visited many poor unfortunates, while as yet the tale of horrors is but half told.

It is feared as the intelligence is received from the mountains, it will record the sad fate of many more.

From divers sections, is learned the departure to larger towns of the more robust and hardy population, leaving the infirm and females to eke out a scanty subsistance from their stock of provisions left them.

Cyrel C. Cady, formerly connected with the newspaper press of Missouri, died at Sacramento on the 29th.

A report is prevalent at Stockton that some miners recently attacked a train of wagons in Mariposa county, and rifled them of all the provisions they contained. This, says the Journal, must not be wondered at, nor too strongly condemned, as it is the spur of starvation that drives men to such crimes. Their lives depended on the stake.

From other quarters we have accounts equally discouraging, but more particularly Calaveras county, where the deprivation is of the most heart rending nature.

The *Times* says that accounts of floods, disasters, starvation and misery in the interior, come upon us in such rapid succession that it tires the mind in recollecting the painful details. It will probably be several days before we learn the effect the late heavy rains has had on all the mining settlements, as all communication is cut off for the present.

The deplorable condition of thousands of the miners can however be well imagined.

FROM NEVADA—TREMENDOUS, &c.—The San *Francisco Union* is indebted to Adams & Co., for the following interesting news:

On Monday snow fell at Nevada Grass Valley to the depth of three feet. On Tuesday it commenced raining, and soon poured in torrents, which caused the snow to melt very rapidly. Deer Creek has already commenced to rise, and the roads are in a shocking condition—no freighting being done, except with packed mules.

The driver of the Nevada stage was compelled to swim his horses through Penn Valley Creek, twelve miles this side of Nevada—also across the slough near Brossbey's Ranch. A teamster was drowned at the latter place about the time the stage passed.

The Yuba River is rising with an alarming rapidity, although they have not yet felt the rise of Deer Creek and other mountain streams.

There is scarcely a doubt that Marysville is completely submerged, as the water was within a foot of the highest point reached during the last flood, when the Sacramento boat left. On the passage down from Marysville three men were seen on the roof of their cabin, near Hock Farm, calling for a boat to take them off. The water was within three feet of them.

At Nicolaus many horses and cattle were observed wading through the water, which is everywhere above the natural bank of the river.

The latest news from Downieville is that the place is almost entirely deserted.

At Grass Valley three buildings, on one square, were crushed by the weight of the snow.

It must be a long time before we can again hear from any section of the country above Marysville.

The Stockton *Journal* says that Main and El Dorado streets are in a terrible condition, the mud being full breast deep to horses, and as they plod their way through, each succeeding step entirely submerges them.

But two lines of stages are now in successful operation between Stockholm and the mines. They make the trip usually in two days. The price being $25.

The Miners on the Rattlesnake and other bars on the North Fork, have turned raftsmen and lumber dealers since the flood. Many of them have secured an immense amount of drift wood from the numerous flumes above, and have disposed of it at very remunerative prices.

The *Union* says the flood has destroyed a vast amount of stock which had been hoarded above and below Sacramento. It is said that out of over one hundred teams on the Calaveras road, some of which started early in the month, but two or three had reached their destination. The balance had stuck fast in the mud. Most of the teamers had returned disheartened to Stockholm.

The small pox was prevailing at Murphy's Camp, and the citizens had erected a hospital for the benefit of the sick.

The health of Sacramento was good.

GENERAL SUMMARY OF NEWS.—The California news brought down to San Juan by the Brother Jonathan, reports a great scarcity of provisions in the interior, owing to the floods interrupting freights from the seaboard.

Within the past fortnight the price of potatoes has advanced one hundred per cent. The miners are paying sixty five cents per pound for flour, and for other provisions command equally extravagant prices.

The Steamer Winfield Scott arrived at San Francisco from Panama, on the 31st ult., after a passage of 14 days. She was detained twenty-three hours at Acapulco. At ten P. M., on the 24th, the Winfield Scott passed a steamship supposed to be the Cortes. She arrived at Acapulco on Dec. 12th.

From the San Francisco papers of January 1st., we have the following: The present winter is conceded to be the most severe experienced in this country since it has been populated by Americans. During the last fortnight it has been raining and snowing continually in the mountains and valleys. We are in daily receipt of accounts of disasters and suffering in all parts of the state.

The whole country between Tehama and Sacramento city is entirely under water, while Marysville is partly inundated, and though Sacramento City is well protected by levees, the lower portions are submerged. The waters at the present time are subsiding, although the rains still continue.

On the mountain streams the loss of mining implements is great, and all work for the present is suspended. The bridges are swept away, and the fences destroyed. Fortunately, however, few lives have been lost. The southern portion of the mining districts have suffered equally with the northern.

The city of Stockton has been partially innundated, and property to a considerable amount destroyed.

The bridges on the Colorado, Stanislaus, and other streams, are swept away, and communication with the mining towns suspended. The flood is universal. The waters are higher than during the memorable winter of 1849.

In some places the cabins are entirely covered with snow, and the roofs of many have been crushed in, thus cutting off the last chance of protection.

A few days since we were visited by terrible south-east gales for two days. Several light tenements were blown down, and some injury was done to the shipping in the harbor.

Several important decisions have been rendered in the courts, among which is the decision of the State Supreme Court, recognizing the right of native claimants to a summary remedy for ejectment where they are disturbed by squatters.

This applies to parties who are in possession of their claims, and relieve them from what, by a previous decision of the Court, was necessary that they should incur the first expensive process of a writ of right, in order to prove their title.

The Land Commissioner is making considerable progress in the adjudication of claims. Of these, the most important, perhaps, is that of Col. Fremont's large tract of land on the head waters of the Mariposa river. The Commission recognizes his claim to the land, but does not undertake to decide upon his title to the mineral wealth which, it is well known, is embraced within the limits of the grant.

A convention of Quartz Miners was held at Nevada, and adopted a code of laws for the government of those working quartz in that county.

Barley has been cured for bread in some places in the interior, and found a good substitute for flour.

The farmers are getting their lands ready for crops next year. It is understood that considerable quantities of wheat would be sown. Preparations are also being made for the erection of grist mills, and it is not likely that another season will find us so dependent on a foreign supply for breadstuffs.

The Golden Gate made her last trip from Panama in 11 days, 8 hours, running time, the quickest on record.

Considerable excitement was occasioned in the early part of last fortnight, on account of the supposed monopoly of flour. The article having been very scarce and and high for some time past, and the exorbitant rates commanded were attributed to force up prices.

Indignation meetings were held in the interior and in this city. Several public prints endeavored to expose the supposed plot of the speculators. The timely arrival, however, of several cargoes from Chili and elsewhere, caused a decline, and the excitement consequently, in a great measure, abated.

The State Legislature meets on the 4th of January at Vallejo, the constitutional capital, and probably, will hold its session there, without attempting again the removal of the public archives.

Miss Catherine Hays has closed a series of concerts, which created a vast deal of enthusiasm among the crowds who have attended them, despite the extraordinary inclemency of the weather.

MINING NEWS.—The quartz mining district in the vicinity of Grass Valley, has been found singularly rich in gold bearing quartz, and the few mills now at work which have had the benefit of practical experience, are said to be doing well. Mining is yet in its infancy. Among the most successful mills now in operation at Grass Valley, is that of Helvitis in La Fayette county. It has twelve claims of eighty feet each on Gold Hill, together with a large number in other rich localities. The mill has eighteen of the largest sized stampers driven by a steam engine of thirty horse power, capable of crushing from thirty-five to forty tons per day, and the quartz yielding from $60 to $75 per ton.

We are informed that Dr. Bacon, of the Company referred to, during four months, took out over $100,000, and the vein is still improving. Two of the largest share holders, Drs. Bacon and Delavan, leave in the steamer to-day, on a visit to the Atlantic cities, on business connected with the Company.

Gen. Pierce's Letter.

BOSTON, Jan. 23.

Major Seaver read a letter yesterday from Gen. Pierce to the Board of Aldermen, in reply to an invitation to partake of the hospitalities of the city on his way to Washington City. The letter recites a previous verbal acceptance of the invitation when personally presented by the committee at Concord; but states that after the event which has recently *fallen upon him with crushing weight, he wished to* proceed to his post of duty as quietly and privately as circumstances would permit. He feels deeply sensible of the kindness which prompted the invitation, and fully appreciates this evidence of the friendly sentiments of the citizens of Boston; he feels deeply grateful for the sentiments of confidence expressed in the invitation, and looks upon them not as due to any personal claims, but as springing from a noble motive; as a proposal to receive him as the representative of a principle uppermost in all hearts, the basis of which is the sacredness of the Union—a principle which will be cherished by all, while any adequate love common to country, exists in the Republic. Whatever anxieties may yet be in store for him; whatever obstacles interposes in the way of his duty, he has undying faith that he will never falter in devotion to that object. He looks with fearless confidence to the support of all patriots of whatever party, in his endeavors to preserve the Union of the States and the supremacy of the law, which are the surest guarantees of our happiness present and future.

EXCITING LOCOMOTIVE RACE.—Yesterday morning a race came off between two trains of cars on the Jefferson and Madison roads. The two railroads are laid side and side for ten or twelve miles, from Columbus to Taylorsville, and the trains started very near together, the Madison train in the lead, when the passengers threw out banters for a race. This was accepted by the Jeffersonville train, drawn by the fine locomotive Clarke, and away they went at real railroad speed, when the Clarke passed Madison under way like a streak, to the great delight of the passengers on the train.—*Louisville Courier.*

EXTRAORDINARY AND SUCCESSFUL SURGERY.—On Tuesday last a tumor weighing twenty-four pounds was taken from the interior of the abdomen of a woman in this city named Rafferty. She had suffered under it for some years. Immediately before the operation her person measured three feet seven inches in Circumference; in the same place she now measures seventeen inches. She has recovered from the immediate effects of the operation, and is doing well.—*Bangor Mercury.*

FORTY-SEVEN.—We find the following in an English newspaper, and submit it to the curious inspection of those who are inclined to be superstitious on the subject of numbers:

"It is now 47 years since Nelson fought the battle of Trafalgar; 47 years was the age of Nelson at the time; 47 years of age was Wellington at Waterloo; 47 years of age was Bonapart whom he defeated; 47 years were completed last year since Napoleon the First was crowned Emperor; 47 years is the age of Napoleon the Third, who this year is made Emperor."

We may add to the above—we hope without frightening anybody into an apprehension of a *coup d'etat*—that Franklin Pierce was 47 on the day of the last Presidential election.

EXPLOSION OF A LOCOMOTIVE BOILER.—On Thursday morning, at about seven o'clock, a locomotive engine "blew up" at Tarrytown, on the Hudson River Railroad. The locomotive had stopped to water at the station-house, and immediately blew up and became a total wreck. A part of the engine was thrown two hundred feet into the river. The roof of the shed under which the water was covered, was also blown about 100 feet across the track. Pieces of wood and iron, together with the scalding water were scattered in all directions, and what is wonderful, but one man—and he a way passenger—was injured. This man had his arm broken in two places. Around the station-house, and on the banks of the river, within reach of danger, there were a large number of persons, but all escaped, save one, and the escape was wonderful. The locomotive was a very old one.—*N. Y. Times.*

☞ Wrought Iron, manufactured directly from the ore with mineral coal, without reducing it first to pig iron and thence by pudling into wrought iron, is now being made in Newark, N. J., by a company acting under a patent received by Mr. Renton, the discoverer. The iron is said to be produced by this process, for $20 less per ton, and sells for $10 more than the puddled or Charcoal iron. The *rationale* of the invention is that the iron is deoxydized by heating a mixture of the pulverized ore and coal in close tubes, so that by the combustion of the coal the oxygen is absorbed from the ore and passed off in an eriform state. The residuum is taken from the tubes and worked into bails weighing about 100 pounds each. These are taken to the trip hammer, by which they are reduced to blooms. Two tons of the iron are now made per day, and it requires about two tons of ore, and one ton and a half of coal to produce one ton of the wrought iron. The ore or iron must undergo two successive exposures to the fire before it can be reduced to wrought iron.

SMALL NOTES.—A bill has been introduced into the New Jersey Legislature to prevent the issuing and circulation of small notes for the payment of money. The bill makes it unlawful for any notes of a less denomination than three dollars to be issued and put in circulation on and after the 4th of July next. And after the first day of January, 1854, it makes it unlawful to circulate any notes of a less denomination than five dollars.

☞ Lord Brougham defines Theology as "the art of teaching what nobody knows."

Erie Weekly Observer.

ERIE, PA.

SATURDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 5, 1853.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY CONVENTION.

The Democratic voters of Erie county are hereby notified to meet at their usual places for holding elections, in their respective boroughs, townships and wards on Saturday the 5th day of February next, to appoint delegates to attend the county Convention, which will meet at Erie on Tuesday the 8th of February. The voters of the borough and townships will meet at four o'clock P. M., those of the city at seven o'clock P. M.

F. W. MILLER,
WM. A. GALBRAITH,
R. S. BRAWLEY,
ISAAC B. TAYLOR,
SMITH JACKSON,
C. M. TIBBALS.
} Committee.

Erie, Jan. 29, 1853.

GLORIOUS NEWS!!!

TWO MILLIONS SUBSCRIBED

TO THE SUNBURY AND ERIE RAILROAD, BY THE CITY OF PHILADELPHIA!!

The following despatch was received here yesterday morning.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 4th, 1853.

MURRAY WHALLON, ESQ.,

Council have passed an ordinance to subscribe two millions. All is right here.

C. FALLON.

This is truly cheering news to our citizens who have waited so long for this result—cheering, because it will result in the immediate commencement and speedy completion of the road, and place Erie at the terminns, on the lakes, of the shortest and best Railroad to the Atlantic cities.—Nine cheers, then, say we, for the city of Philadelphia! The bells of the city were rung and fifty guns fired in honor of the subscription.

Bear it in Mind.

We hope our Democratic friends will attend to the call for the election of Delegates to-day, to attend at the county convention on the 8th inst. We all have a duty to perform in helping to fill the offices of the State and nation, and our interest in the matter should be none the less that we have lately achieved so great a victory over our opponents. It was not done by staying at home or by taking little or no interest in the contest. The present convention is an important one in as much as it is to give our voice in favor of a man to whom, with others is to be entrusted the care of the public works of the State, as well as other offices of nearly equal importance. Bear in mind, then, the primary meetings this (Saturday) evening, and let each Township be represented in the convention on the eighth.

☞ Our thanks are due to Hon. C. B Curtis for copies of the Congressional Globe, and to Messrs. Skinner and Hills of the Legislature for repeated favors in forwarding us Legislative documents.

☞ Our friend Charles Miller, Esq., killed a very fine bear the other day, from which we were furnished with some delicious steak. We are requested to say that a large quantity of the oil in its *pure state*, may be had by calling on him at his shop on State Street.

☞ We understand that Mr. G. Loomis has succeeded in recovering nearly all the goods stolen from his store, on last Friday night. We are glad to learn this, for Mr. Loomis is one of our oldest and best citizens.

☞ We call the attention of our readers to the Annual Statement of Receipts and Expenditures of the county for the past year. It exhibits the finances of the county, in a good condition, being ballance in the treasury on the 1st of January, 1853 of $5 824 50.

☞ Hon Sam. Houston, of Texas, has been re-elected to the Senate of the United States for the term of six years from the 4th of March next, by a vote almost unanimous. Texas has thus testified her appreciation of the *eminent services of the man so prominently associated* with her eventful history.

☞ It is said that Gov. Kossuth is about to re-visit this country soon, in consequence of the election of the Democratic candidate for the Presidency.

☞ Look out for counterfeit fives on the Genesee Bank, New York.

☞ The Miners of Steuben county, N. Y., have had a chemical test of the gold dust discovered there, which has proved so satisfactory that they have all gone home, certain that nobody will commit depredations upon it.—They now "breathe freer and easier."

☞ The trial of Cooley, in Cleveland, for murder, has resulted in his conviction for manslaughter. The jury was out six hours.

☞ The Hudson River Railroad Company have disabled five engines in forcing their way through the snow, since last week.

☞ We copy the following from the *Valley Spirit* for the benefit of those who are indebted to us, hoping that some of our delinquent subscribers will follow the example therein set:

BOYERSTOWN, January 15, 1853.

J. L. GETZ, Esq

Dear Sir:—Enclosed you will receive $1,50, one year's subscription, for which please send me a receipt. I should indeed not be worthy the name of a Democrat, did I not respond to your call, and aid in defraying the expense of your new type. The noble service which your paper rendered in the last presidential campaign alone, entitles it to the support of every good Democrat in the county. Your friend and fellow citizen,

"That's the kind of talk we like. If there were only more Democrats in the county who think with our Boyerstown correspondent, it would be none the worse for us, and all the better for the party. We have faith in the influence of a well sustained newspaper press, and believe that the money raised by political organizations for conducting our elections, could not be more profitable spent than in making every voter a reader and a thinker. We did nothing more than our duty in the last campaign; but it is something now-a-days to obtain its acknowledgment; and when that is accompanied, as in the case above quoted, by an earnest wish for our personal success, we feel that partizan service is not entirely a thankless task."

In connection with the above we would say that it is our intention to enlarge and otherwise improve the appearance of the *Observer* at the commencement of the 24th volume, and if those who owe us for subscription, advertising or job work, would cancel their liabilities, it would enable us to do so without contracting a debt for that purpose. We hope each of the patrons of the Observer will take the matter into consideration and resolve to be square with us at the end of the volume. Many have already done so, but there are many others, we regret to say, who have neglected it—and like the editor above, we should be happy to acknowledge the receipt of the whole amount.

☞ An old gentleman named Henry Searle, asks the aid of the press to find his son, a dwarf, who was taken from him in Chicago, in 1851, by a man named L. D. Jerome, on a promise of liberal pay to permit of his being exhibited as a curiosity. It is supposed the dwarf was exhibited here and in the Eastern cities. The father has not heard from him since he was taken away.

☞ "Five years ago," says a writer in Frazer's Magazine, "Louis Napoleon Bonaparte was three years in arrear of rent in the parish of St. James. He could not pay his tailor's, or his upholster's, or his wine merchant's bill, or meet one half of his engagements in the city or at the west-end."

☞ Howlet and Saul, who were convicted of the murder of watchman Baxter in New York, were hung in that city on Friday of last week. The Governor has commuted the sentence of Johnson.

Anthracite Coal.

From a communication which was lately published in the Philadelphia Ledger, we find some statistics and calculations with regard to the anthracite coal trade, which present a truly gratifying result to the people of the State. The calculation appears to have been drawn out by a paragraph in Gov. Bigler's annual message, in which he says:—

"The whole amount of anthracite coal mined and taken to market in 1840, was 897,000 tons. In 1852 the product will reach *near five millions* of tons, being an increase in twelve years of six hundred per cent. This rate of augmentation up to 1870, would give the startling production of over forty-five millions of tons, and yielding at the present Philadelphia prices, the sum of one hundred and eighty millions of dollars, being more than treble, the present revenues of the whole United States!"

In connection with this the writer says it will be found that any community consuming anthracite coal exclusively, will annually require one ton for each member, small and great—that is, the domestic consumption will equal the number of the population. To this may be added the amount used in the propulsion of machinery, the reduction of ores, and the working of metals. Of the 5,000,000 of tons sent to market in 1852, two-thirds may be safely set down to domestic use. Having, therefore, settled the principles upon which consumption depends, we can make *approximate* estimates of the future demand of this great staple of Pennsylvania. At this time the Allegheny mountains divide our population; so that about 12,000,000 of people live upon its eastern slope and of this number about 3,400,000 are now the consumers of our anthracite. The remaining 8,600,000 still use wood or bituminous coal. If our country remains prosperous, we may safely estimate our population, east of the Alleghenies, in 1870, at 18,000,000, and of this number 12,000,000 to be warmed by the consumption of coal. By this time it will be the only fuel used to any extent in great cities and towns upon the seaboard, and it will find its way back into the interior, upon the thousands of miles of railroad that will long before that time reach every corner of our land. *Twelve millions* of tons will then be wanted for domestic consumption, and the amount required for the reduction of ores, the working of metals, God only knows, no human foresight can estimate.

During the last eighteen years, the increase has exceeded fifteen per cent, per annum. But ten per cent. is a safer estimate for the eighteen to come."

In addition to this we expect that the completion of the Sunbury and Erie Rail Road to this city will open a a new market for Anthracite Coal, which in a few years will grow equal to that now partially supplied by the Reading Rail Road. Over that road the country bordering on the great chain of lakes, together with the region penetrated by canals and railroads stretching into the interior from every town of importance on their shores, must the supply of that kind of coal come, and who can estimate the quantity that the opening of this new line of road will require. It is hardly probable that the road will be able to furnish anything like enough for the demand in sections requiring it that have never yet been able to procure it. All of that coal that reaches here or any point upon the lakes, comes by the way of the Delaware and Hudson Canal, and by Philadelphia and New York, whereas by the Sunbury and Erie it will reach the lake in the most direct route that it can possibly come, thus shortening and cheapening the transportation from one half to two-thirds and taking that amount off the cost of the coal.

The Sault Canal.

So little has been said upon this subject of late, that even here, where we expect to reap so much benefit from its construction, the subject is scarcely spoken of. At its last session, Congress passed a bill appropriating to this purpose quite a large tract of land, and that was said to be all that was required for its early commencement. Almost a year has passed, still nothing has been done in the matter, if we may except some figuring by sharpers to get hold of the grant of land without building the canal. The Detroit *Free Press* justly remarks, "our Senators and Representatives, Gen. Cass and others, have labored zealously to procure a national appropriation for the work; and now shall it be said that the Legislature of the State had not virtue enough to become the honest trustees of this appropriation? Shall individual interests, by loud talk, smother the strong popular demand that the work shall be put into the hands of the Governor, and pressed forward to completion? It is idle, and more than idle, for the Legislature to spend its time on unimportant details, we fear designed to encumber the work with useless and hinderous impediments. The Canal, be it remembered, is a work of the people. It is a work in which every honest man in the State has a direct interest; and the Legislature has before it a plain duty, and that *is* to put it in process of execution. The contract should be let to those who will do the work; and to insure its early and certain execution, not an acre of land shall be drawn till the Canal shall be completed. On this subject it is our purpose to conceal nothing. The popular demand for the work is made on the popular necessity which *exists for it.*—The farmer demands it; the mechanic demands it; the merchant demands it; the character of the State demands it; and the Legislature is in duty bound to provide for its construction. No man, or set of men, have the right to stand in its way. The Legislature should not fritter away its time on unimportant amendments: the best protection of the work will be found in the Governor, who is a proper person to take charge of the appropriation, and to carry out its object."

We hope the *Free Press* will be able to stir up its citizens so that the work may be taken hold of and completed. The whole lake country is greatly interested in it, and all should say an encouraging word in aid of the project, if nothing more.

☞ The Rochester *Advertiser* is not very complementary to the morality of the citizens of our neighbor, Westfield. In speaking of the recent arrests in that village for theft and counterfeiting, that paper remarks that "Westfield has been a 'hard customer' for the last twenty years or more. Perhaps we ought to qualify this a little by explanation. The place has always been an ambitious one, and though containing many persons of the 'highest respectability,' it has somehow or other managed to give refuge to as hard a set of *eggs* as any place in the State. Its contiguity to the State line makes it a desirable location to those who know not the day nor the hour when they may be compelled to 'step over.'"

☞ The Editor of the Kennebec *Journal* in dunning his subscribers, says, "he has *little* responsibilities thrown upon him just now, which he is obliged to *meet*."

☞ Mrs. H. B. Stowe, authoress of "Uncle Tom's Cabin," has received a second installment of $10,000 from her publishers, Jewett & Co., of Boston, making upwards of $20,000 in nine months on the copywright of one book, a thing without a parallel in the annals of literature. If one half that sum had been spent in buying real "Uncle Tom's" from Slavery, we are of opinion that the results would have strengthened the belief of real sympathy felt for the slaves by the purchasers of "Uncle Tom's Cabin."

☞ Several members of this Congress—three Senators and four Representatives, and also one head of a department—have died since the commencement of the first session.

☞ A *den of counterfeiters* has been discovered in Lancaster, and five arrests made by the Philadelphia and Lancaster police. About $1,200 in counterfeit notes were found in possession of one of those arrested.

☞ On Monday of last week, a number of hands employed on the Central Railroad, were engaged in undermining a bank of earth, when it suddenly caved in, and instantly killed four men. The accident happened happened about two miles east of Greensburg.

☞ A Colored Man (name unknown,) was found dead on Thursday morning, lying at the mouth of a lime-kiln near Hamburg, with one side of his body terribly burnt. He had lain down there on Wednesday night, for shelter and warmth, and falling asleep too close to the fire, was burned or suffocated to death—perhaps both.

☞ John Rodger was convicted last week in the Huntington county Court, for forging six scalp orders, and sentenced to seven years in the Western Penitentiary.

Correspondence of the Erie Observer.

LETTER FROM CALIFORNIA.

STOCKTON, CAL., Dec. 30, 1852.

MR. EDITOR: It is now about one year since I landed upon the shores of this State, during which time I have been in a position to learn much of its commerce, laws, and people, and as I have nothing better to do at present, I propose to give your readers a brief view of the lights and shades of my experience. I have told you before, that we were the strangest medley of mortals ever before *congregated together, out of which to form* a State.—Now suppose all these various ingredients coming together from the four corners of the globe, become *Californized*, what would they make? Why something new and original, *of course.*

It is no use for your old men, with their set habits of business and fixed opinions of morals and laws, to attempt to stem the current—they must compromise with the times, or be swept away with the torrent. We come nearer being ruled by New York, than any other State; although the casual observer would say that Texas held the sway. The *civil and criminal code of the former* State being almost literally adopted by the Cal'a Legislature, is I conceive a convincing fact in support of my assertion, whilst nearly all the executive officers in the large counties, hail from the "Lone Star," thus giving color to the idea of a southern supremacy in politics.—We might account for this by saying that the South-West is more clanish, more crafty as politicians, and possess a sharper scent for the loaves and fishes than the North and East—and perhaps we should not be far wrong. Honest, good men are found in office, but the oil is not genial to modest merit. Ex-Governors are elected to little municipal offices, whilst a man of the experience and enlarged views of a broker's clerk, may fill the second office in the State. A young man of twenty-seven may set upon the bench as Chief Justice, whilst the gray haired veteran of 30 years practice must battle for his bread among the up-stairs of a county court Bar. An ignorant clown will in a few months amass his thousands in trade, while the educated merchant dwindles into a clerkship of some family grocer. The classical scholar with his brow yet fresh with collegiate honors, finds himself the second cook of a fashionable restaurant, whilst mine host's diploma is perhaps a certificate of good character as under waiter at "Barnums" or the "Astor House." The Treasurer of the State may be so poor as to be under par with his wash-woman, whilst the lucky grantee of some eleven league claims, upon which a great city is built, shall have no other claims to respectability than are due to the thick headed dutch porter, of a thicker headed master. Such a hotch-potch *was never before seen*—nor dreamed of. Preachers and tract-peddlers stand no show here at all, and either take the back track or turn their attention to "*monte*" or employ their wits in solving the miseries of "*old sledge.*" Temperance lecturers, find it much more profitable to retail "*Oldies*" at two bits a drink, or else lend their eloquence, to call the figures in a dance house.—Good christian families are scarcely comfortably in quarters before that insinuating rascal, the *Devil* begins to meddle with their domestic felicity.

The husband inclines to late revels and strong drinks whilst the tender mate, tired of long watching, encourages some good looking scamp to assist in the passing of the heavy hours, until his unsteady step is heard, returning from his truant joys. At length a row occurs around the family altar, the husband grabs the money, amassed more by the industry and economy of the wife than his own, pockets three or four thousand, leaves for parts unknown, and casts her pennyless upon the world, or else my lady, in a weak *moment* becomes the victim of the "tender passion" and some fine morning "*cuts stick*" from her lord and master to become the mistress of a gambler.

An ex-member of Congress—the representative of seventy thousand chivalrous souls, whose classic learning, elegant diction, brilliant imagination and attic wit, enchained for hours the attention of the elite of the capital; he whose staunch integrity has passed unimpeached through the ordeal of two sessions at Washington, is accused, and must defend himself before a miner's jury of *the crime of Petite Larceny.*

You meet an old friend—the companion and confident of years long since passed, before contact with the harsh world had made you less generous—if he is poor you are received with a warmth that goes to your heart—but suppose him successful, ten to one he don't give you the cold-shoulder with a look that says, as plainly as looks can, "You want borrow a *slug*, I'll none of you." You toil and sweat, late and early are your hours employed in indefatigable labor in order that you may gain a few thousands, return "to the States," and marry the girl for whom through all your trials, you have preserved an affection unsullied by a single thought of selfishness, when lo, some officious friend, believing he is doing you a great favor, sends you a number of the "Dogtown Herald" containing the gratifying news of Fanny's falseness by marrying *Theophilus Stubbs.* Then you turn for consolation to the *editorial*, and find the presiding genius of the press going into a *duck fit*, over some gingerbread the "happy pair" have furnished him, together with some sour wine. They say "despair is never quite despair," but I assure you, it's an even bet, the coroner does'n't have twelve men sitting on the poor fellow's carcass in less than a week, but it's no use; if he had twenty-four they could'nt squeeze a respectable grunt out of him, though each man possessed the corporeal dignity of Daniel Lambert.

"Omego" once had some reputation for telling the truth, but now, no doubt, you begin to suspect his fidelity in that respect, that "there's divil the lie in it, at all, at all." We get used to these vicissitudes, they don't surprise us. On the contrary, unless we are navigating the streets of some city in a 700 ton steamer, making a trade for $100,000, hanging a fellow for horse stealing, running away from your blazing roof, rather short even of night clothes; standing up to a square built fight with a grizzly bear, feasting on an anaconda or listening to the dying groans of some murdered man, you involuntarily fall to yawning, and complaining of the dull times.—Surprise a Californian! Why the thing is preposterous. Tell him Kossuth has left for Europe, and he merely suggests that "the d—d fool ought to have come to California first;" say to him San Francisco is in ashes, and he answers quietly that "they are in bad luck;" announce the death of Henry Clay and he reckons "Clay was quite old;" tell him that Pierce is elected and Scott defeated with scarce four states to console him, and he'll tell you he "thought so," say that the "spiritual rappers" have received a communication from Gen. Washington, and "it seems quite natural" to him; inform him that Cuba is annexed to the United States and war declared against England, and he answers "all right, let's take a drink." Heavens! you give the man up in despair—an earthquake could'nt shake the fellow's composure.—All is turmoil and change—one mail contains the burning of Sacramento, the next that it is rebuilt better than ever, and before you have recoved from your last surprise, lo, the magnificent city is swept away by a flood. Last week the torrent came rushing through Stockton, crossing the *grand plaza*, with ten feet water in the channel and "no bottom" down one of the principal avenues of the city, bearing in its irresistable might, chairs, trunks, wagons, bridges and houses, and before the wrecks are clear, a half dozen ferries are established, to which a brisk opposition lends life and vivacity to the scene. Passengers could pass from one street to another *for the moderate* toll of $3.

You retire at night counting yourself worth at least twenty thousand ahead of the world and in the morning your friends congratulate you on having escaped some disaster, preserving from the ruins only, your worthless carcase.

The rains have been falling incessantly for the past month, the roads are almost impassable, they move about their farms in row-boats, the cattle have taken to the hills, flour is worth $1 per lb. at the mines, and nearly all the farmers are out of "grub," and can't get to town to buy more, in short—there's a certain place afloat, and no pitch hot.

Labor commands as good a price now as it did twelve months ago and opportunities are just as good now for the emigrant as they ever were, if not better. Although the farming interest begins to assume a respectable weight in public estimation, yet the miner is the most popular personage in the councils of the State. This is a fact to be rejoiced at, for in him we behold the aristocracy of labor—the personification of the great democratic principle of property that places men in their proper sphere, and upholds him in his true dignity. Industry, a will to conquer, and a strong set of muscles, with a clear breast, form the best basis for a California fortune. But no young man should migrate until he thoroughly understands his true interests in a moral point of view, for unless he has the elements of the true man in him—he will surely fall, there being no society sufficiently stroug to over-awe vice. Neither religion nor the virtuous teachings of a blessed mother, will save the wayward youth from folly and ruin. Nor will society be settle down here, on the same basis you have it.

The seeds have been planted and are now germinating that will produce a tree whose branches shall spread into a broader and more wholesome benevolence than practice is known to you. There is such a thing as people practising the doctrines of a person whose name they have been taught to despise, and Fanny Wright may yet live to see her system of morals no longer a philanthropists dream, but the consummation of a good.

A short year has changed the course of Pacific commerce. The whale ship now never shows her bulk in the Atlantic waters, once she has doubled Cape Horn, and Jack is kept constantly in the shrouds looking for the spout of the monster. And yet Jack's as much as ever. And why not? Is not the Sandwich Islands a liberal and jolly a place for a "free run on shore" as New York or Boston. There should the lad return to the *arms of Molly*, why the "skipper" of the "clipper," as she hails in port on her return passage, load with oil, is always glad to give the generous fellow a birth.

We are becoming a separate people, and I trust in time—build us that national rail road, connect us by cords of steel before another generation steps into life, (and they are now on our heels) or the Republic of the Pacific will become a fixed fact. The Pacific Rail Road—it's the giant effort of this generation, and when completed will be the proudest monument ever reared by the hand of man—the master work of the scientific and practical age. It must be done, Christ demands it and the interests of the human race require it. It will be done, for the great democracy have set it, and the fiat has gone forth—yea, the thing is done for Bob Armstrong, who was elected, the other day, Justice of the Peace, in Sonora, says he'll use his influence to have it effected. Yours, &c.

"OMEGO"

WASHINGTON, Jan 31

In the house the Speaker appointed Jones, of Va., Stevens, of Ga., Chandler, Davis, of Ia., and Bell Committee to count, in conjunction with the Senate Committee, the Electoral votes for President and Vice President.

A bill was reported to organize the territory of Nebraska.

In the Senate, Mr. Fish presented a memorial of the Chamber of Commerce of New York.

Abbott Lawrence is here, making a vigorous effort in behalf of Canadian reciprocity.

Mr. Scudder of Mass., is worse.

The first annual meeting of the U. S. Agricultural Society met at the Smithsonian Institute this morning.

The meeting was called to order by Marshall P. Wilder, the President. A large number of Delegates and members of Congress were present.

The reports of the State Boards were handed in by the Corresponding Secretary.

Prof. Mapes presented specimens of the Japan tea and the California soap plant.

President Wilder delivered appropriate address, which he suggested various topics proper for the discussion and action of the members. Among others, an alliance with the Pomological Society, and a closer connection with the Smithsonian Institute.

The Washington papers announce the death of Dr. Walker, an eminent astronomer of Cincinnati.

Public Lecture.

An address by Wm. M. Wood, M. D., will be delivered before the Erie Co., Medical Society, at a meeting to be held at the Court house on Tuesday evening next, (February 8th,) at 7 o'clock. Subject—"Medical Organization."

Erie, February 5th. 1853—3t

MARRIED.

On Tuesday Feb. 1st at St Pauls Church, Brooklyn, N. Y., by the Rev. Mr. Richmond, JNO. W. FARLEY, U. S. Navy, and Miss ANDREW the only daughter of the late Martin Z. Steel, Esq., of the above place.

Virginia papers please copy.

On the 31st ult., in this city, by G. Kellogg, Esq., JOHN MARSH, of La Bœuff, and Mrs. MARGARET Lamb of West Millcreek.

New Advertisements.

Administrator's Sale!

IN pursuance of an order of the Orphan's court of Erie county, I will offer at public sale on Saturday the fifth day of March next, at one o'clock, A. M., on the premises the following described property, namely: All that certain piece or parcel of land bounded and being in Greene tp., in said county, being part of out lot 203 and bounded as follows: Beginning at the north east corner at a post standing in Lake Pleasant road, thence along said road south 40 degrees east, fifty perches to a post, thence by the line of the tract west about two hundred and forty-five perches to a west line of the tract, thence along the same north about fifty perches to a beach sapling, thence by land taken up by Mr. Carlin east two hundred and fourteen perches, to the place of beginning, containing fifty four acres and allowance of six per cent for roads, &c.

Terms of sale, one fourth in hand and the balance in three annual statements with interest to be secured by judgment bond and mortgage. CATHERINE SHAW, Administratrix of Patrick Shaw, late of Greenfield tp., dec'd. Feb 5th

Insane Man Lost!

ESCAPED from the Erie Co. Poor House, on the night of the 31st inst., a Scotchman named THOMAS JOHNSON, about 40 years of age, slender form, 5 feet 8 inches high, light hair, cut short, has had a blister on the back of the neck recently, had on a dark brown frock coat, somewhat faded, woolen check pants—no hat. He is insane, talking, claims to possess Divine power, speaks Dutch and sometimes intelligently.

Any person returning the same, or giving information where he may be found, to S. Fickinger, at the County Poor House, or to the Director of the Poor or Constable, in the County, will be liberally rewarded.

Erie, February 4, 1853.

PUBLIC VENDUE!

A LARGE amount of valuable Household Furniture, consisting of which are Sofas, Tables, Chairs, Mirrors, Carpets, Bedding, Bedsteads, Wash Stands, Stoves, Crockery, Tinware, Furniture, etc.; also, a pair of Horses and Ornabus, will be sold at Auction on Thursday next, the 10th inst., commencing at one o'clock, A. M., at the brick house on the southwest corner of the public square, called the Mor

ANNUAL STATEMENT

Of the Commissioners of Erie county for the year 1852.

In compliance with law, the Commissioners of the County of Erie, make the following exhibit of the Receipts and Expenditures of said County for the year A. D. 1852, to which is annexed a Statement of the Duplicates of County and State Taxes levied on each township and borough in the County for said year; also a Statement of the Outstanding Debts due as per Auditors Report of January, 1853.

RECEIPTS.

Am't of cash in the Treasury, per Auditor's report,		$450 33
Am't rec'd unseat'd lands for 1849 co.		11 24
do do 1850 "		400 39
do do 1851 "		355 62
do of Collectors for 1850 "		117 66
do do 1851 "		529 28
do do do s. & p.		31 05
do do '52 s. &c.	25,390 23	
do do do pr.	21 755	
Am't rec'd Commonwealth being 5 per cent on state tax, for advance payment 1852,		502 49
Am't rec'd J. B. Johnson, on J. H. Campbell's account,		48 00
Am't rec'd P. E. Burton, late Sheriff, fines and fees,		500 00
Am't rec'd H. Cook, Esq., on sale of stray steer,		9 50
Am't rec'd C. M. Reed, inst. on Co. funds formerly deposited in Erie Bank,		561 28
Am't rec'd Cadwell & Bennett, on loan for the erection of new Court House,		8,700 00
		$37,894 62

EXPENDITURES.

AUDITOR'S PAY.

Am't paid John L. Way,		$12 00
do Flavel Boyd,		12 00
do Samuel Reeder,		12 00
do W. King, aud't Pro. and Recorder's fees,		10 00
		46 00

FUEL.

Am't paid for coal and wood for Jail, Court House and Com'rs office,		205 77

INCIDENTAL.

Am't paid P. Warren and others, for transcribing duplicates for Collectors,		20 00
do T. H. Sill, postage 1852,		4 55
do Stewart & Gray, candles for Court House,		3 64
do A. King, expense to convey State funds to Pitts.,		17 00
do T. W. Moore, bill brooms, candles and pitcher for Court House, 1851,		1 72
do do do 1852,		2 13
do Carter & Bro., box candles,		11 45
do H. Cadwell, hinges, bolts, etc., for jail yard and fence, 1851,		3 14
Total amount,		63 63

COURT HOUSE.

Am't paid S. L. Forster, one year's salary superintending Court House,		15 00
do Sundry persons for repairs,		5 74
Total amount,		20 70

PRISON EXPENSES.

Am't paid J. L. Stewart, as physician for prisoners,		15 00
do J. H. Fullerton, shoes for prisoners,		2 26
do John Genshemer, clothing for prisoners,		6 75
do Bennett & Brooks, bolts for jail,		7 00
do D. P. Derby, rep. grates,		14 95
do V., Himrod & Co. stoves, pipe, etc. for jail,		23 20
do T. Dillon, ironing prisoners,		2 50
do T. Dillon, repairing stairs,		1 50
do P. P. Cady, " windows,		3 60
do P. E. Burton, boarding pris.,		482 37
Total amount,		559 13

JURORS.

Am't paid Traverse Jurors in Court of Common Please and Quarter Sessions,		1,781 39
do Grand Jurors do		545 47
Total amount,		2326 86

COMMONWEALTH COSTS.

Am't paid Dept. At. General, Sheriff, Clerk of Quar. Sessions and witnesses in Commonwealth cases,		946 58
do Sundry persons, apprehending horse thief,		22 90
Total amount,		969 48

CONSTABLES.

Am't paid Constables, making returns to the Quarter Sessions,		156 64

TOWNSHIP ELECTIONS.

Am't paid Constables for giving notice of election and notifying officers elected,		129 74
do Election Boards, making returns and attendance of Assessors,		276 58
Total amount,		406 32

GENERAL ELECTIONS.

Am't paid several Election Boards for holding gen. election on the 2nd Tuesday in Oct. 1852,		348 50

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION.

Am't paid several Election Boards for holding Presidential Election on the 1st Tuesday in Nov. 1852,		380 00

COURTS.

Am't paid E. B. Lytle, Court Crier,		31 50
do R. Baldwin, do		13 50
do P. Bryant, do		43 50
do do Tip Stave,		36 25
do R. Baldwin, do		21 25
do M. Spaulding, do		16 88
do P. McGlein, do		5 00
do David Bran, do		61 25
do E. A. White, do		12 50
Total amount,		241 63

COMMISSIONERS.

Am't paid S. Steward, for 107 days,		160 50
do T. Dunn, Jr., 101 "		151 50
do R. Cole, 141 "		171 00
do R. R. Robinson, 14 "		21 00
Total amount,		504 00

PROTHONOTARY.

Am't paid S. Perley, Esq., Prothonotary and Clerk of the several Courts, his fees for issuing venires, certifying Jurors and Constables pay Court fines, Jury fees and for recording election returns,		72 06

CLERK HIRE.

Am't paid Commissioners and Auditor's Clerk,		460 00

CORONER.

Am't paid S. Dunn, Esq., for holding Post-Mortem Inquisitions,		332 17
do D. H. Chapman, do		23 45
do J. Davis, do		31 18
do S. L. Forster, for holding 2nd examination of R. Hammond, 1851,		50 00
Total amount,		436 84

OFFICERS.

Am't paid Wm. Beatty, repairing stove pipe for Recorder's office,		1 00
do L. Warren, repairing windows,		38
Total amount,		1 38

PRINTING.

Am't paid for publishing annual statement Sheriff's proclamation of General election advertising and blank-work &c.		196 13

COUNTY BRIDGES

Am't paid sundry persons for bridge views		13 00
" " S. White for repairing bridge at Waitsburg.		7 00
" ", Wm. boardman for repairing bridge at Fr'ch cr'k.		18 20
Total am't		38 20

NEW TOWNSHIPS.

Am't paid W E. M'Nair and others for laying out a new tp. of parts of Green and M'Kean,		12 00

STATIONARY.

Am't paid O. Spafford and others for paper, ink, quills, &c. for Commis. office and Courts,		95 25

REFUNDED TAXES.

Am't tax refunded to B. C. Wood of M'Kean, as am't over paid,		3 58

ASSESSORS FOR 1853.

Am't paid P. Warren for 56 days assessing in the West Ward city of Erie,	56 00	
" " Z. E. Peck ass't in Harborer'k	5 00	
" " T. Hinton " "	8 00	
	69 00	

DIRECTORS OF THE POOR.

Am't paid requisition in full for 1852,		2000 00

COMMISSIONERS COUNSEL.

Am't paid J. B. Johnson, Esq., 1 y. sal.		50 00

SHERIFF.

Am't paid P. E. Burton, Esq. sheriff for convicts to Penaientiary;	195 16	
" " summoning Jurors,	73 50	
" " T. B. Vincent sum Jurors,	31 50	
	300 16	

NEW COURT HOUSE.

Am't paid J. M. Sullivan for copy of act for Com's to borrow money,	1 00	
" " sundry persons for pulling down jail,	249 89	
" " Parsons for sending dispatch to the city of Washington for plans	1 10	
" " Sam'l Low, survey & set grade	2 00	
" " Cadwell & Bennett, nails spikes, &c.,	55 18	
" " sundry persons for lumber,	756 10	
" " labor, masonry, &c..	2452 94	
" " Wm. Hoskins super't,	207 00	
" " sundry persons for carpenter work,	437 50	
" " John Hill sup't carp't w.,	292 00	
" " S. Jackson lime on contract,	309 47	
" " B. Soule, " " "	7 40	
" " L. Howard for stone on con't	850 00	
" " Briggs & Foglebaugh for blackmithing,	73 65	
" " A. Calzmere for stone,	49 00	
" " Betes, cleaning old brick	170 00	
" " D. Young for brick on con't	1500 00	
" " T. U. Walters for plans etc	50 00	
" " Michael Henry for stone,	431 08	
" " Orvil Crane, " "	371 38	
" " Henry Crane, " "	115 25	
" " Andrew Scott, " "	24 00	
" " R Lambertson, " "	50 00	
" " J. Sawyer & others for sand,	90 67	
" " J. H. Burton for white lead,	8 00	
" " N. Murphy, lead pipe, etc	11 67	
" " Com's for expense in viewing Court Houses,	200 00	
Total am't	8940 24	

TREASURY.

Am't of commission allowed A. King, Esq., County Treasurer by the Commissioners, with the aprobation of the County Auditors being 3 per cent on $23073 53 amount of county warrants redeemed by him and cancelled by the Auditors,	692 20	

STATE FUNDS.

Am't paid to the commonwealth, being the State proportion of cash received on taxes for 1852, on county rates and levies in full for said year, excepting state tax on unseated lands,	$10652 59	
" of State tax on excess of occupation, offices, carriages, watches, etc	412 95	
Total am't of state tax paid	11065 54	
Total am't of disbursements including am't of State collected and paid over to the commonwealth	30663 38	
" " cash in treasury Jan. 1st 1853,	5824 54	
" " add for warrants redeemed issued prior to the year 1852,	1336 70	
	37824 62	

NOTE.—The commissions and allowances to collectors on their duplicates, settled during the year, are not embraced in the foregoing statement, inasmuch as they were never neither received into or paid out of the treasury, are as follows (including abatements for errors) to wit:

Am't abated on unseated lands, year 1850,	33 37	
do. do 1851,	40 39	
" lost tax allowed collectors " 1852 state & county,	316 37	
", do on state on per.,	17 51	
" Fees allowed collectors 1852 st & c.	1375 79	
" " " " st on p	21 75	
" of exhonerations allowed sheriff Burton on fines and fees not col.	296 00	

STATEMENT

Of balances outstanding Jan. 1st 1853 as per Auditors rep.

Bal. outstanding on unseated lands y 1852, 744 29

BAL. DUE FROM COLLECTORS.

Asa Pratt, Wattsburg,	1843	17 52
Ansel Gates, "	1848	39 51
D. E. Lord, Elkcreek,	1849	6 71
Geo. Bonnel, Harborcreek,	1851	18 88
H. Cadwell, E Ward Erie	1852	253 13
Wm. H. Cooper, Harborc'k	"	185 66
Joseph Schouler, N. East tp	"	301 26
J. Loomis jr.. N. East, bor.,	"	51 57
Wm. Jones, Greenfield	"	19 64
J. D. Clark, Waitsburg	"	70 89
E. R. Stuart, Amity	"	79 40

* H Cadwell paid since settlement.

DUE FROM INDIVIDUALS.

Am't due from E W. M. Blane former sheriff fines and fees			205 11
" Wm E M'Nair,	do	in suit	303 77
" P. E. Burton,	do		1237 11

STATEMENT

Of the amount of duplicates of county, poor and state taxes levied on each of the respective townships and boroughs in the county of Erie being 40 cents county and poor 30 cents state tax on every $100 of the valuation for the year 1852.

Townships and Boroughs.	Names of Collectors.	Am't of State and County Taxes, on Co. rates & levies	Am't of State tax, except occupation tax on carriages	Am't of State tax on occupation of Watches.	Excess of Millda fines or	Am't of State Taxes.
East W., Erie,	H. Cadwell,	3,345 21	161 20	15	97	50
West W., do	T. Stewart,	3,675 12	103 26	28	50	62 00
Millcreek,	C. Hustick,	3,188 13		12	00	61 00
Harborcreek,	W. H. Cooper,	1,406 97	70			43 00
N. East tp.,	J. Scouler,	1,689 94	6 90			20 50
N. East bor.,	J. Loomis, jr.	285 77	12 00	4	00	14 50
Greenfield,	Wm. Jones,	413 50				18 50
Venango,	John Smith,	584 87				14 50
Wattsburg,	I. D. Clark,	141 91	5 40			6 50
Amity,	E. R. Stewart,	393 10				30 50
Wayne,	D. W. Howard,	564 09				11 50
Concord,	Wm. Gray,	468 77				39 00
Union,	John Gray,	542 53	1 60	1	25	57 50
Le Boeuf,	W. Robinson,	656 93				55 50
Waterford tp.	J. Sedgwick,	796 42				69 50
Waterford bor.	W. Anderson,	440 71	25 00	7	25	37 50
Greene,	S. Hilborn,	1,106 32				26 00
McKean,	E. Washburn,	1,106 45				43 50
Washington,	C. Griswold, jr.	796 53				24 00
Edinboro,	G. Gillaspie,	125 28				14 00
Franklin,	J. Gardner,	280 04				23 00
Elkcreek,	J. Phillips,	616 84				30 00
Conneaut,	A. Barnes,	750 33			5 00	43 00
Fairview,	J. Paton,	1,462 80	5 25			56 50
Girard tp.,	D. Barnes,	1,334 18	2 00		50	51 00
Girard bor.,	E. J. Tracedale,	321 45	14 00	9	50	18 00
Springfield,	R. C. Bromley,	1,510 10	6 25	4	50	71 50
Am't of State tax on excess of Office,			East W., Erie,			$8 00
" " " "			West " "			10 00

Preceipts or Warrants of the several Collectors are dated March 2, 1853.

Am't of county tax, which includes fees for collecting lost tax and unseated lands 14905 24

" Poor tax levied by requisition of Directors of Poor, 2000 00

" State tax levied, 12120 50

We the undersigned, Commissioners of Erie County, do certify that the foregoing statement is a full exhibit of the receipts and expenditures of said county for the year A. D. 1852.

THOS. DUNN Jr. }
RODNEY COLE, } County
R. R. ROBINSON, } Commissioners.

Attest G. W. COLTON Clerk

Commissioners Office, }
Erie, Jan., 1, 1853. }

We the undersigned Auditors of the County of Erie, having met together at the office of the County Commissioners of said county on the 1st Monday in January, A. D. 1853, and having carefully examined and compared the accounts and vouchers of the Commissioners and Treasurer of Erie County aforesaid for the year A. D. 1852, do report that we find them correct, and that we find a balance of cash in the treasury of five thousand eight hundred and twenty-four dollars and fifty-four cents, and of School Funds of twenty-five dollars and four cents, and of Road Funds of one hundred and sixty-two dollars and thirty-three cents; also a balance outstanding due the county from the several sources mentioned, of three thousand five hundred and thirty-four dollars and sixty-five cents, which amount includes the balance of State tax uncollected on unseated lands.

Given under our hands and seals this 20th day of January A. D. 1853.

FLAVEL BOYD, [L. S.]
SAM'L REEDER, [L. S.]
GREN REED, [L. S.]

Erie, Feb., 2, 1853. County Auditors.

H. JARECKI,

BRASS FOUNDRY, west side of State Street, Erie, Pa. 38

1853 1853

NEW YORK AND MISSISSIPPI LINE!

INSURED.—NO TRANSHIPMENT.

THIS line consists of forty first class Canal Boats on the Hudson River, and Erie Canal—running in connection with lines on the Ohio and Illinois Canals,—also, with Steamboats and Propellers on the Western Lakes, and daily lines of Steamers on the Illinois, Mississippi and Ohio Rivers.

PROPRIETORS:

HUGH ALLEN, & CO., New York.
ALLEN, OATMAN & CO Foot of Main-St., Buffalo.

FOR FREIGHT APPLY TO

R. L. HOWELL, formerly of the West'n Lake Boat Line. }
C. H. CANFIELD, " N. Y. & O., W'n States Line. } Broad st. N.Y.
JAS. C. OATMAN, " New York & Cincinnati Line. }
HUGH ALLEN, " Eckford Line.

Mark Goods "N. Y. & MISS. LINE," Ship Daily, Pier 4, Foot Broad Street, New York.

Jan. 29, 1853—38. GEO. J. MORTON, Agent Erie

New Arrangement.

THE Undersigned having associated for the purpose of conducting the Storage, Commission and Shipping business, under the firm of L. N. TIBBALS & CO., would respectfully solicit of the Merchants of this vicinity and the public generally a share of their patronage. No pains shall be spared to give promptness and dispatch to any business entrusted in their care

ALBERT J. KELSO. L. N. TIBBALS.

Erie Jan. 29 1853. 38

$20 A DAY!

BOOK AGENTS WANTED, TO SELL

Hayward's Gazeteer of the United States,

JUST PUBLISHED AND NOW READY FOR CANVASSERS.

THIS work so invaluable to business men gives a history of the settlement, general surface of the soil and state of agriculture, manufactures and population of every town in the United States, with a valuable statistical tables, a new map of the United States, &c., &c.

Agents wanted for the Country apply immediately to

HORACE WENTWORTH,
Jan. 29'53-3m38 56 Washington St., Boston, Mass.

ERIE ACADEMY.

THE next term of this Institution commences on Monday, Jan. 31st, under the charge of

FAYETTE DURLIN, A. B.,
Principal and Teacher of Languages, Mathematics, Natural Sciences and Practical Surveying.

CHAPIN,
Teacher of the English Department.

MISS ELIZA WHIPPLE,
Preceptress and Teacher of French, Astronomy and Botany.

MR. ALFRED GRAY,
Teacher of Penmanship.

Tuition per Quarter.

Primary Branches,	$4 00
Higher English Branches,	5 00
Languages,	6 00

The regular time for admission is at the beginning or middle of the term. No one will be admitted for less than half a quarter.

GEORGE A. LYON, President.
M. WHALLON, Sec'y. Erie, Jan. 29 1853—3m38.

February Appointments.

DR. H. TUBBS, analytical Physician, from the city of Cleveland, will be in attendance at his rooms as follows:

Erie.—Brown's Hotel, Thursday and Friday, 24th and 25th of February, Conneaut, O., Tremont House, Wednesday 23d February.

CONSUMPTIVES READ!

Mr. Ashton is now a public officer, and extensively known in the country where he resides; of his veracity the most doubting can be easily satisfied.

New Brighton, Beaver Co., Pa., June 12, 1852.

DR. TOBIAS—Dear Sir.—I feel it a debt of gratitude due to you, and a duty to the afflicted generally, to offer my humble testimony in favor of your system of treating Chronic Diseases. I am convinced that it will cure almost every chronic disease if taken in time.

In the fall of 1849, I was violently attacked with cold and inflamation of the lungs, which was accompanied with a very distressing cough, pain in the breast, side and back; with a very considerable discharge of offensive matter from the lungs, shortness of breath, loss of appetive, night sweats, &c. The family physician was called in, and did all within his power, but gave me no relief. My symptoms grew worse, and I found that I was fast sinking into consumption; I became so weak that I was not able to set up but a few minutes at a time. My physicians advised me to use patent medicines; I did so for some time, but with no better success. He then told me that in the spring I would get better or worse. My friends from a distance came to see me as they supposed for the last time. I then called in another physician, and under his care and the warm weather, I got so that I could walk and ride about until fall; then I sunk down again, and my physician said that if I did not go south, I could not live longer than spring, so I gave up all hope of recovery. During the summer of 1850 I saw your advertisement, and concluded to see you, which I did, learned your course of treatment, and as the last resort, placed myself under your treatment, and to my great astonishment, in six or eight weeks I was able to walk all over town and see my friends and neighbors, who were as much astonished as myself. This was in the spring of 1851, and all the bad symptoms had left me, and I began to enjoy pretty good health.

In April last, I was much exposed while riding on the canal, took a severe cold, and suffered a return of old symptoms, which your medicines effectually removed as before. I now enjoy very tolerably good health, and stand a fair days labor. I am 49 years old. Those wishing further information, can call at my residence at Brighton, Pa. Jan 29—38 WM. ASHTON.

AXE HELVES—A few of superior quality, and any quantity of H. Collins' axes warranted at $1,00 each. Also, axes helved at 75cts, but not warranted at the Cheap Hardware Store.
Erie, Jan. 29 1853—38 RUFUS REED.

BUTCHER'S Knives, Saws and Saw blades at
Erie, Jan. 29—39 RUFUS REED'S.

SAWS of nearly every variety at the cheap hardware store.
Erie, Jan. 29 '53—38. RUFUS REED.

Hall to Let.

THE HALL now occupied by the Independent Order of Odd Fellows will be let, and possession given on the first of April next, the present occupants being about to remove to another Hall.

Apply to
RICHARD GAGGIN,
W. G. ARBUCKLE, } Trustees.
WM. BONE.

Erie, Jan. 24, 1853.—1f37.

Ho! for Japan, China, Sandwhich Islands and NORTH PACIFIC OCEAN.

WANTED for Government employ, a large number of Seamen, ordinary Seamen, and a few Blacksmiths and Carpenters, increased wages given. For information apply to DAVID McDOUGAL, U. S. Steamer Michigan, Erie Pa.
Jan. 22 1853. 37

Sunbury and Erie Rail Road Company.

THE annual meeting of the stockholders of the Company will be held at their office, Girard buildings, Third st., Philadelphia, on Monday the 14th of February, A. D. 1853, at 10 A. M.—At which time there will also be an election for President and Managers. The polls will be open from 10 A. M. to 3 o'clock P. M. Jan. 22'53—37. CRAIG BIDDLE, Sec'y.

NOTICE TO MILLINERS,

THE subscriber, wishing to retire from business, now offers for sale at COST, her entire stock of Millinery Goods, Fixtures, &c., together with an unexpired Lease of the premises she occupies, of three years from the first of April next, at the low price of $140 per year. The goods are all new and of the first style. No reasonable amount in Fifteen or Twenty Thousand Dollars per year. The credit of the shop is of the highest order—fixtures all complete house room plenty. The present opportunity for a person with a moderate capital, wishing to engage in the Millinery business seldom offers. With a good custom already secured, the shop is extensively and favorably known, the subscriber having occupied the premises as a Millin r shop for the last ten years. Possession given the first of April next. For further particulars enquire of the subscriber on the premises, corner of State and Fifth streets, Erie Pa.

Also, for sale a new improved machine for pressing Bonnets.

I will now retail goods at cost for ready pay until the 15th of March, if not disposed of by that time I shall continue business as usual. Ladies, now is the time to buy cheap. Please give me a call. Erie, Jan. 24 '53—37. MRS. MARY CURTIS.

NEW YORK CITY INSURANCE COMPANY!

OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

Capital $500,000.

THIS Company having fully complied with the Insurance laws of the commonwealth of Penn., is now ready to effect Insurance against loss or damage by Fire on buildings and their contents in this City and the adjoining Country. Also, cargoes on sail vessels, steam and canal boats, and Railroads, at the customary rates.

The ample Capital and high character of this Company claims the confidence of the Public, and a liberal patronage is respectfully solicited.

Terms liberal and all losses promptly adjusted and paid at this office.

JAMES C. GIBUS Agent.

Office over J. B. Gunnisons Book Store.

Wanted, two or three energetic men to examine risks in the country and send applications to this office.
Jan. 22 1853 1y37

Administrator's Notice.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration have been granted on the estate of Royal G. Jackson, late of Conneaut township, Erie county, deceased All persons having claims against said estate will please present them duly authenticated for settlement, and all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment without delay. WM. CHESMAN,
Jan. 22 '53—6t37* Administrator.

FOR RENT—With immediate possession, a new house on 4th st., also 3 houses on 4th st., possession given first of April, also six rooms to let, inquire of Jan. 22 37 D. S. CLARK.

CASH! CASH!!

WE will pay the market price in cash for corn. Would like 500 bushels delivered soon Jan 22-37 TIBBALS & HAYES.

REMOVAL!

I HAVE removed my stock of Clocks, Watches, Jewelry and Fancy goods, two doors above the stand lately occupied by Loomis & Austin, to Williams' Block, where I shall be pleased to see my old and new friends and attend to their wants as usual.

I return my sincere thanks to those who have favored me with their patronage and shall endeavor to still merit their confidence and support.

Wishing to reduce my present stock of Goods to make room for the new in the Spring, will give unusual bargains in low prices to any in want of articles in my line. Silver spoons and Jewelry on hand or made to order. Clocks and Watches repaired. Engraving in any style at short notice and in workmanlike manner. Erie, Jan. 15'53—26 THOS. M. AUSTIN.

N. B.—Those indebted to the late firm of G. Loomis & Co., must make immediate payment—longer indulgence cannot be given. The Books for the present can be found in my hands.

T. M. A.

Stray Cattle.

BROKE into the enclosure of Thos. Tidd, on the 12th of Nov. one yearling Steer, spotted red and white, the shell knocked off one horn; the other a white yearling Heifer, no artificial marks. The owner or owners are requested to come, prove property, pay charges, and take them away. THOMAS TIDD.
North East, Jan. 14, 1853. *3t36

LIGHT! LIGHT!! LIGHT!!!

NEWLY DISCOVERED CARBON OIL.

ONE of the greatest discoveries of the age, which we do not hesitate to announce as the CHEAPEST means of artificial light ever yet presented, producing a GOOD LIGHT

For less than one quarter of a Cent per Hour,

and gives the *SOFTEST, PUREST,* and most *BRILLIANT LIGHT* ever yet produced by lamp and at *ONE FOURTH* the cost of fluid.

NOR CAN IT BE EXPLODED,

whilst one trimming of the wick is sufficient for a month, and a single wick will last a year, nor does the smallness of the light decrease as long as there is sufficient oil in the lamp to keep the wick moist—it will burn longer than Lard oil, and will not congeal in the coldest weather, and the price is only eighty seven and a half cents per gallon—to be used for Fluid Lamps.

Erie, Jan. 8 1853. L. H. BURTON & CO.

NEW BOOKS.

JUST received from Philadelphia—
Pictures of St. Petersburg—price 25 cents.
A Story or Life of the Lafiamee—price 25 cents.
Romance of Student Life—price 25.
The Hygienic Family—price $1 50.

Erie Jan. 1, 1853. DURLIN & SLOAN.

NOTICE!

NEARLY two years having elapsed since the business of P. Arbuckle closed necessity compels us to say that payment must be made. Those interested will please give it their immediate attention. Jan. 15—36. P. ARBUCKLE.

WINES AND LIQUORS,

PURE AND UNADULTERATED!

IMPURE Wines and adulterated Liquors, such as are too generally sold by Hawkers and Pedlars and those supplying agitiem, furnish the stock in trade of most of the Maine Law advocates—hence to stop their mouths, and at the same time to enable those using the "critter," to get a pure article, the subscriber has laid in a stock of

Wines and Liquors,

Which he confidently assures the public are as *PURE AND UNADULTERATED* as purity itself In the stock may be found Otard, united Proprietors, Pellevoisin and Seignette Brandies; Champagne, Old Port Juice, Sherry, Madeira, Malaga and Claret Wines: Scotch, Irish, Monongahela and Ohio Whiskey; Scotch Ale, London Porter, &c., &c., all of which will be sold as cheap, if not a little cheaper, than any other establishment in the city.

Erie, Jan. 15 1853—33 T. W. MOORE.

WINTER Strained Lard Oil and Bleached Elephant Oil at Erie Nov. 29 1852—36 J. H. BURTON & CO'S.

Locks and Latches.

A LARGE assortment just received direct from the manufactory for sale usually low.
Erie, Dec. 4—30 GEO. SELDEN & SON.

NEW GOODS!

NO 3, PERRY BLOCK.

ARBUCKLE & KEPLER are now receiving their Winter stock of staple and Fancy Dry Goods, consisting in part of the following goods.

French and English Merinoes, Parramettas, black and colored Alapacas, Bombazines, plain and figured Persian Cloths, plain and figured De Lains, plain and figured Velvets; Bay State, Empire, Waterylies and Scotch long and square shawls; Merrimack, Cocheco, Hunnel, Globe, Allen's, Union French and English Prints; Silk, Cashmere and Cotton Hosiery; Kid Merino, Thibet and Silk Glover, Silk and Linen Hdkfs; Velvet, Bonnet, Satin and Taffitta Ribbons; plaid, striped, book, Swiss, spot and mull Muslins, French worked Undersleeves, Hdkfs, Collars, Inserting and Edgings. For Men's wear, Broad Cloth, Cassimeres, Tweeds, Satinetts, Kentucky Jeans and Sheeps Grey, also, a good supply of red and white Flannels, Undershirts and Drawers.

DOMESTICS.—2-6, 4-4, 5-4, 10-4 and 12-4 bleached Shirtings and Sheetings, brown Sheetings and Drillings, seamless Bags, brown and red Canton Flannels, Ticklings, striped shirtings, cotton Flannels, cotton yarns, carpet warps, batting, wicktings, waddings, etc., at prices as low as can be found in the city. All we ask of those wishing to buy is an examination of our goods and prices, and we shall be satisfied with the result.
Erie Dec. 4-1852. 30

NEW AND FRESH GROCERIES!

THE CHEAPEST PLACE IN TOWN!

Is at Moore's.

MOORE HAS been receiving *more* new Groceries, and other "fixins," both useful and ornamental, all of which he is confident he can sell much cheaper than any of his neighbors, great or small As the proof of the pudding is in the eating, come and try! You will find these "that make pleasant families," Coffees, Sugars, Codfish, Mackerel, and Molasses "sour Vinegar," Tobacco, Pipes, Mustard, Saleratus, Pork, Beans, Butter, Cheese, Dairy and Table Salt. Also, a good variety of Wooden and Willow Ware, viz: Brooms, Grass and Jute Mats, Wagons, Cradles, Pails, Tubs, Washboards, &c. Also, a well selected and general variety of "tasty Confectionary," foreign and native fruits and nuts, and an elegant "troupe of fancy Toys," &c.

Cash paid for Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Lard, Beans, Hams, Pork, Potatoes, Apples, &c. T. W. MOORE.
Erie, Dec. 18, 1852. 33

CLOCKS.—Received this day, by railroad, Iron Clocks, Pearl inland, new style, a most beautiful article for the parlor, very cheap. Jan. 15-36. T. M. AUSTIN, opposite Brown's Hotel.

BOOTS and Shoes of all descriptions closing out without profit. Call and see at Jan. 15-36. SENNETT & Co's

MUFFS.—We offer for sale a lot of real Lynx and other Muffs, at prime cost to get out of the business. Call and get one at Erie, Jan 15 1853—36. SENNETT & Co's

400 PAIR Domestic 50 cts for sale below par at Erie, Jan. 15 1853—36 SENNETT & Co's.

Cheering to the Ladies and Interesting to All!

WILCOX & MORTON, No. 2, Wright's Block, State-street, Erie Pa., have just received a supply of very fine articles in the line of

LADIES' AND MISSES' SHOES,

Among them are white satin slips, white Kid do., bronzed embroidered do., fancy silk gaiters and various other articles of similar character, as also the substantial articles needed by all for every day use.

For Gents wear of Boots, Shoes, Gaiters &c., their variety is so great it would be superfluous to specify. Suffice it to say their stock is more extensive and complete than ever before, and what is best of all for their customers, prices well suited to these times. They will endeavor to manifest a more worthy appreciation of the public mind for abstaining from the use of those stale common place expressions resorted to by some, falsely represent ing their Goods cheaper than others, and permit them to dabble unmolested in their own dirty puddle, while W. & N. will endeavor by their practice to give unmistakable assurances that their facilities for procuring the best of work at the lowest possible prices cannot be surpassed, and probably is far from being equalled by even the most pompous pretenders. Delay not to secure the advantages arising from an early selection. Dec 25 1852—33

TABLE BUTTER by the lb. at COFF'S
Dec. 25, 1852—33

The Cars are just in

BRINGING us a full supply of fresh groceries, consisting of sugars, syrups, molasses, teas, coffee, No. 1 mess mackerel in barrels, half barrels, eighths and kitts; also, pickled herring, white fish by the barrel and half barrel, codfish in quantity to suit purchasers, sperm, elephant, lard and linseed oil, white lead, red lead, litharge, vermillion red, chrome yellow, chrome green, umbre, asphaltum, lamplblack, &c., &c.

By this arrival we are in receipt of fresh raisins in boxes and half boxes, figs, French plumbs, prunes, almonds, filberts, greencicle and Brazil nuts, pickled Sardines, &c.; also, a large quantity of Wooden and Willow ware, cedar and painted wash tubs, patent pails, willow wagons, market baskets, sugar boxes, &c.; also, wax, sperm, pearl, star, sterine and Cincinnati pillow candles. Constantly on hand by the barrel, flour, fish, salt and Liverpool whiskey and a general assortment of liquors

SIEGEL & KELSEY,
Jan. 1 '53—3t. No. 4 Wrights Block Erie, Pa.
Waterford Dispatch please copy.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that letters of Administration have been granted on the estate of Oliver James, of North East township, dec'd. All persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment without delay, and all persons having claims against said estate will please present them duly authenticated for settlement. EMILY JANES, } Adm'rs.
Jan. 1 '53—6t31* HORACE JANES, }

Erie & Waterford Plank Road Notice!

AT a meeting of the President and Managers of the Erie and Waterford Plank Road Company, Dec. 21 1852, it was resolved that a semi-annual dividend of four per cent be declared on the stock payable on and after the first day of February next, at the office of the treasurer. JONAS GUNNISON
Jan. 1'53—3t33 Sec. and Treas.

A SPLENDIDLY finished escapliune, with the best tone ever found in a similar instrument with a supply of Melodiaus, Just received at the establishment of
Erie, Dec. 25 1852. 34 WM. WILLING.

Notice to Clothiers.

OIL suitable for greasing Wool; also, lubricating oil for greasing Machinery, for sale low by 32 CARTER & BROTHER.

FINE CARRIAGES!

3 NEW and splendid one horse carriages for sale at bargains. Enquire of Dec 25 1852-35. CADWELL & BENNETT.

ATTENTION ALL!

THE subscriber begs leave to inform his friends and old customers, (as well as lots of new ones,) that he has opened a grocery on the corner of State and 6th streets, one door below Riblet & Aryes ware-room,) where he keeps an assortment of such articles as are found in such an establishment. My stock consists in part of Tea, Coffee, Sugar, Tobacco, Lamp Oil, Molasses, Cider, Vinegar, White Fish, Cod Fish, Pepper, Alspice, Ginger, Nutmegs, Cloves, Indigo, Pearl Starch, Corn Starch for Puddings, Durkee's Baking Powder, Candles, Bar Soap, Shaving do., Crackers, soda biscuit, apples, oats, common wooden ware, stone ware, flour, &c., &c., to numerous to mention, all of which I will sell as cheap as others for cash or ready pay. The public are respectfully invited to call and examine quality and prices. Dec. 25.—33. AZRO COFF.

SNUFF AND TOBACCO.

PETER LORILLARD, MANUFACTURER,

No. 42 Chatham St., New York.

OFFERS for sale the following articles, warranted of superior quality—Maccaboy, Scotch, Coarse French, Rappee, and other Snuffs. Also, Fine Cut Tobacco in tin foil and papers A more particular description of the various articles can be known by sending for a full price current as above.
Jan. 15 1853. 8m36

WANTED!

TWO EXPERIENCED COOKS—one pastry and the other meat—are wanted at Brown's Hotel, to whom good wages and constant employment will be given. Middle aged woman preferred. If from a distance, address. H. L. BROWN, Erie.
Jan. 15 1853. 3t36

1853 J. B. GUNNISON, 1853

DEALER in Books, Stationery,

EMBROIDERED collars, cuffs, undersleeves, capsin as . . 25
brie edgings and insertings at 25 SACKO

Boots and Shoes.

HUNGARIAN boots. Boys boots, also Women's calf and e- nameled boots and buskins, for sale as cheap as at any othe. establishme- town. G. SELDEN & SON,
Erie Oct. 30—25 No. 6 Tracy's Block Cheapside.

NUTS of all kinds or sale by J. G. & W. I. Mills,
No. 2, Williams Block, Erie, Pa.

A FEW more pieces of those splendid Cloths, Cassimeres and Satinetts, just received and for sale cheap by SWENEY.

AN extensive assortment of flavoring extracts the best in market, extracts for the handkerchief of every kind; Colognes, hair oils, pomades, amandine a certain cure for chapped hands, lip salve, shaving soaps and creams of first quality, bay rum, hair dye, base renovating, depilatory powder, in short we constantly keep on hand a complete assortment of every kind of Perfumery, fancy articles and Yankee notions of almost every description.

Persons wishing to buy are respectfully invited to call as they may depend upon getting what they want at the lowest price, at the city drug store state-st. Erie Dec. 4-30 P HALL.

WRITING PAPER—Blue, White, Letter, Cap, Gilt edge, colored, satin and note Paper, fancy envelopes, plain and self-sealing envelopes, cards of all kinds which cannot fail to suit customers, give us a call and see. Dec. 4 1852-30 P. HALL.

CABINET WARE, CABINET WARE!

CALL AND EXAMINE FOR YOURSELVES,

THE subscribers would adopt this method of returning their sincere thanks to the citizens of Erie and vicinity, and the public generally, for the liberal patronage hitherto extended to them, and would state that they have just received from the City of New York an extensive assortment of

CABINET WARE,

embracing Mahogany Sofas of different styles, Mahogany French Bedsteads and Chairs, Mahogany Tables, with and without Marble Tops, with a list of other articles too numerous for newspaper detail, all of which are offered at prices lower than they can be procured in any establishment west of New York. This is said in no spirit of empty boast, but from a conviction of its TRUTH, as all will find who may take the trouble to institute a personal examination.

They continue to manufacture all varieties of Cabinet Ware — They hold themselves in constant readiness to furnish, at the shortest notice, articles of whatever style or quality. Confident of their ability to give satisfaction, they invite to their stock, and their facilities for doing good and cheap work, the attention of the citizens of the city and county.

Mattresses of all sizes kept constantlyon hand.
Erie, July 21, J. H. RIBLET & Co.

60 Bags Rio, Java and Laguira Coffee just received and for sale by Nov. 4-26 STERRETT & GRAY.

RECENT ARRIVAL!

FRESH GROCERIES.

THE subscribers have just received at their stand, immediately opposite the Perry Block, a large and well selected stock of Groceries, Coffees, Teas, Sugars, Molasses, Rice and all the articles usually embraced in the list. Also, Liquors, Fruits, etc. with an assortment of Nuts and Confectionaries. Flattering themselves that their stock, in variety and excellence, is not surpassed in the city, they hope to receive a liberal share of the public patronage. Their determination is to do business *cheap* for *cash*, considering the "nimble sixpence" of more worth than the "slow shilling," and that all parties are benefitted by the *ready pay* system.

Produce of all kinds taken in exchange for Groceries and other articles.

Call quickly lest the stock on hand becomes exhausted in the lapse of a few weeks. Our prices are so low that people will find *themselves* scarce able to resist the temptation to buy.
Erie, June 19 1850. 6 LANDON & RIBLET.

Fashionable Tailoring Establishment.

THE Subscriber, in gratefully acknowledging the liberal patronage which he has received from the citizens of Erie for the past five years, would most respectively call their attention to his present location. Having erected a new shop on the east side of State street, two doors North of 6th, and adjoining J. H Riblet & Co's Cabinet Ware Rooms, he is prepared again to wait upon and accommodate his old patrons and friends, and hopes that by his usual success in making "good fits," not only to continue in their confidence, but also, thro' their influence, and by his own untiring and attention in business to secure a liberal share of the public patronage which he respectfully solicits.

Naval and Military Clothing made to order and Cutting for others to make up, done with care and promptness.
Erie, July 20, 1852. JOHN GOALDING.

BUFFALO ALE.—Moffat's, Gillman's & Barton's Ale in bbls and half bbls. for sale by J. G. & W. I. Mills,
June 3. No. 3, Williams Block, Erie, Pa.

A LARGE and beautiful lot of Bonnett ribbons for fall and winter trade, selected with due regard to the prevailing fashions at Erie Oct 9 1852—22 G. SELDEN & SON'S.

SHEETINGS, Shirtings, stripe Shirtings Ticking Canton Flannel &c., at No 6, Tracy's Block Cheapside
Erie Oct. 9 1852. 22 GEO. SELDEN & SON.

TO THE LADIES.

JUST received the most splendid assortment of Ladies dress goods ever offered in this market, consisting of Gro De Rhine, Gro De Chene, Brocade, Pow. De Soie and Plaid Silks, Colored Grapes, Plaid, Plain and Watered Poplins, White and Cold Barlions, doted and plain, Book and Swiss Muslin, striped, barred and plain Muslins, Muslin and Wool De Laines, Lama cloths plain and figured, printed Velvets, printed Persian cloths, Brocade and plain Alapaca, Coburgh cloths, Silk and Cold French Moreno and many other styles of dress goods which we have not time to enumerate at present but call and see for yourselves and save money by purchasing cheap at the old stand of
Erie Nov. 6 1852—28 SMITH JACKSON.

NEW WATCH, JEWELRY, AND FANCY GOODS STORE.

State St., opposite Brown's Hotel, Erie.

THE subscriber, (late of the firm of G. Loomis & Co.,) comes before the Erie public and vicinity, soliciting a share of patronage, confident a large and well selected stock of the choicest and most fashionable GOODS always at low prices, together with the manufacturing of *Silver Ware* and *Jewelry*, and close *attention to business* will insure a reasonable support. Having been for the past fifteen years a resident of Erie, and intending to remain the rest of life, the public will find me a "bird of passage," but always on hand trying with the "rest of mankind" to sustain myself and family, in the world, and I pledge myself to endeavor to maintain the reputation enjoyed by the old firm in every particular. Thankful to a generous public for my success thus far in life, I shall endeavor to merita continuance of their favors
Aug. 7 1852—13 THOS. M. AUSTIN.
N. B.—*Watches, Clocks and Jewelry carefully repaired.*

J. M. SMITH & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

No. 7 Bonnell Block, State Street, Erie, Pa.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of this and the adjoining counties, that they are receiving almost daily in addition to their stock of goods, the largest and best assortment of *Groceries* to be found west of New York City. Thankful for the liberal patronage received since our commencement in this city, we would most respectfully call the attention of merchants and others wishing goods in our line, to an exhibition of our stock before going to Buffalo or New York. We wish it distinctly understood that we will sell goods for *Cash or Ready Pay*, as cheap as can be purchased in Buffalo or in New York, with the additional expenses in getting goods to this City.

The following comprise a small part of our stock—
50 Hhd. N. O., Musc'd., and P. R., Sugars.
100 Bbls. Crushed Pow'd., Granulat'd & Coffee do.
10 Tierces Dutch Crushed Sugar,
20 Boxes Refined Loaf do.
20 Hhd. Musc'd., and P R Molasses,
20 Tierces do, do. do.
75 Bbls. do. do. & S. H. do.
15 do. Stewart's Syrup,
10 do. Cuba Honey,
250 Chests and half Chests Young Hyson, Hyson Skin, Imperial, Gunpowder an l Black Teas,
100 Bx. from 4 to 16lbs of Black and Green do.
75 Bags Rio, Laguira and Java Coffee,
20 Boxes Ground Coffee,
75 do, Cavendish Tobacco, all qualities,
30 do. ½ lb lump do. superior qualities.
25 Bbls. J. Anderson's Smoking Tobacco, ½ & lb prs.
Also, several different brands Fine Cut Chewing,
75 Packages Mackeral, No's 1, 2 & 3, in whole, ½ and Kits,
250 Boxes Herring, No. 1 and Scalded,
8000 lbs Cod Fish,
25 Bbls. Refined Winter Strained Oil,

Also, Nuts, Raisins, Prunes, Pepper, Pimento, Cassia, Nutmegs, Cloves, Rice, Powder, Shot Safety Fuse, Wrapping, Cap and Letter Paper, Mustard, and Pickles, of an excellent quality and cheap—besides a great many other articles too numerous to mention in an advertisement of this kind. We also have in addition to the goods above mentioned, a large stock of PURE WINES and LIQUORS, which can be had 25 per cent. cheaper for the same quality, than can be purchased west of New York, notwithstanding the great advance in liquors. London and Philadelphia Porter, Scotch Ale, and Wines of almost all descriptions. Please call and examine for yourselves, and you will be satisfied that you can do better than by going to Buffalo or New York.
Erie, Dec. 4, 1852. J. M SMITH & Co.

WHOLESALE—The subscribers are agents for the following Patent Medicines, which they will sell by the dozen at Manufacturers prices, viz: Jaynes' Expectorant, Alterative Carminative Balsam, Vermifuge, Hair Dye and Sanative Pills: Osgood's Cholagogue; Bristol's and Townsend's Sarsaparilla; McLane's and Fahnestock's Vermifuge; Trask's, Tanner's, McAlister's, Swan's and Dalley's Ointments; Perry Davis' Pain Killer, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, Hurrel's Cholera Mixture, Barry's Tricopherans, Brant's Indian Medicines and Kyer's Petroleum
Erie Nov. 20 1852—28 J. H. BURTON & CO.

A FINE assortment of Gentlemen's and Ladies' rubbers just the thing for muddy streets at reduced prices by
Erie Oct. 20 1852. SMITH JACKSON.

JUST received, another lot of those fine Calf Water-proof Boots, Sept. 25. WILCOX & NORTON.

WINES, LIQUORS.

CIGARS, Groceries, Pickles, Pickeled Oysters, Lobsters, Porsigau Fruit and Nuts. J. G & W. I MILLS, No. 3 Williams Block, opposite Brown's New Hotel, Erie, Pa., have supposed a New Establishment, where they are prepared to sell all Articles in their line at the Lowest Prices, at Wholesale and Retail. The Stock Consists in part of the following articles, to wit:

Wines,	Oranges,	Preserved Fruits,	Maccaroni,
Liquors,	Lemons,	Vermacilly	Sardines,
Cigars,	Figs,	Plain Pickles,	Anchovies,
Porter,	Raisins,	Mix'd Pickles,	Catsups,
Ale,	Nuts,	Pickled Oysters,	Currants,
Cider,	Cocoa,	Pickled Lobsters,	De Orgeat,
Cordials,	Pines,	Pickled Clams,	Curacoa, Ex Absinths,

WHISKEY BY THE BARREL.

ALSO—Teas, Sugar, Coffee, Molasses, Tobacco, Snuff, Rice, Ground Spices, Confectionary by the Box, Soda Biscuit, Crackers by the Barrel, and many other Articles too numerous to mention.

IMPORTED CIGARS —We import our own Cigars, and can sell better quality of Cigars at the same prices than any house in the city. Pure and Genuine Wines, Liquors of every description constantly on hand, for Sale, Wholesale at low rates. Also—Bottled Wines and Liquors for Medicinal or other purposes on hand by the Dozen or Single bottle which are pure.

AGENCY FOR BUFFALO ALE —Moffats and Gilman & Barton's Ale, for sale by the barrel, at Buffalo Price, adding transportation. Also—receiving in their Season Oysters in Shell, Keg and Can, from J. G. Mills & Co., of New York, for Sale Wholesale at Low Prices.

J. G. MILLS, New York. W. I. MILLS, Buffalo.
A. C. JACKSON, Agent, Erie, Pa.

N. B. Hotels, Steam Boats, private Families and Dealers generally supplied with all articles in our line, at Buffalo prices — ORDERS from City and surrounding country respectfully solicited, and we pledge ourselves that all goods shall be as recommended.
Erie, May 22, 1852

WINDOW GLASS.—The largest assortment ever brought into this city can be found at
Oct. 23-24 CARTER & BROTHER, No. 6 Reed House.

ANOTHER BOAT IN.

THE Subscribers are now receiving a very large stock of Wet and Dry Groceries from Eastern cities and the Auction Room, bought for Cash at extremely low figures, which are offered for sale at a small advance for the ready Those wishing to avail themselves of an opportunity for buying a stock of goods in our line, for a very little cash, are respectfully invited to call and examine at STERRETT & GRAY'S.
Erie, Nov. 6 1852 28

Wrapping Paper.

A FIRST RATE article of Wrapping Paper, just received and for sale at No. 9, Brown's Hotel.
Erie, Dec. 16, 1852—22. DURLIN & SLOAN.

GINGHAMS of every variety and style from 10 cents to 37½ cts. per yard at Nov 9-26 SMITH JACKSON.

ERIE DAGUERREAN GALLERY,
Park Row, a few doors West of the REED HOUSE.

SHERMAN is happy to invite all who wish DAGUERREOTYPE LIKENESSES, who are at all particular what kind of pictures they have, to his new Rooms which have been built expressly for the Art. LIGHT is the great agent of the Artist, and it has been the constant study of all worthy of the name since the Art was discovered, to employ and control it in the manner best adapted to produce the most favorable results. The result of this study and of thousands of experiments is that there is not a respectable permanent Gallery in the U States where the pictures are made by a common window, and he who says he can produce superior pictures by such a window proves his ignorance of the Art. The subscriber therefore begs leave to say that by his superior LIGHT, and with an apparatus worth six times any other in this city, he is enabled to produce pictures which cannot be equelled in this part of the country, and offers to excell any thing which can be produced in other rooms in Erie, or forfeit one hundred dollars. He has also a splendid Quick Working Camera, with which he takes children of any age! Let it be distinctly understood his pictures will not fade if properly kept.

N. B.—The "recent improvements" may be seen at the above rooms. W. H. SHERMAN.
Erie, Sept. 10, 1851. 18

THE CRYSTAL PALACE NOW OPEN FOR VISITORS!

THE proprietor, W. H. KNOWLTON, has just returned from the Empire city, with the largest, cheapest and best assortment of JEWELRY AND FANCY GOODS ever before imported from that city west of Dunkirk, all of which are now ready for inspection. On the first floor, No. 1, may be found a large assortment of Gold and Silver Watches, Gold guard and Fob Chains, Keys and Seals, Finger Rings of every description, Breast pins of all sorts and sizes. Cuff pins and bracelets Gold, silver, and German silver thimbles, gold pencils and pens; steel fob and guard chains, Keys, &c. Having made arrangements with the manufacturers at the east to furnish a supply every week fresh from the mint, he will be able to furnish those articles cheaper than any other establishment west of the terminus of the New York and Erie Railroad Also, on hand, at wholesale or retail, any quantity of Looking Glasses, Brass Clocks and other tinepieces.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.—Such as piano fortes, melodeons, bass viols, guitars, violins, banjoes, tambourines, clarionets, flutes, flageolets, fifes, accordeons, &c., solar and camphene lamps, and gerondols, extra globes, chimneys and wicks, silver and German silver table and teaspoons, sugar and salt scoops, butter knives.

CUTLERY.—A very fine article of Penknives of the most celebrated makers, Razors and Razor straps, scissors and shears. Gold, silver, and German silver and steel spectacles.

BRITTANIA WARE.—Tea sets, castors, and candlesticks.

MISCELLANEOUS.—China Cases, Fancy Boxes. Plated and Brass snuffers and trays, steel bag, and purse clasps, hair combs, ivory do., steel pens, card cases, visiting cards and envelopes, gammion boards, dominoes, chess men, wallets and pocket books, knives and forks, tea-servers, &c.

All of which will be shown to his visiters at any time between the hours of 6 A. M. and 9 P. M., free gratis, and a small fee only will be taken from those who may wish to take some of said articles home with them.

☞ Said Palace is located on the ground formerly occupied by said Knowlton, one door west of the Reed House.
Erie, Sept. 6.—17

POISONING.

THOUSANDS of parents who use Vermifuge composed of Castor oil, Calomel, &c., are not aware, that while they appear to benefit the patent, they are actually laying the foundations for a series of diseases, such as salivation, loss of sight, weakness of limbs, &c.

In another column will be found the advertisement of Hobensack's Medicines, to which we ask the attention of all directly interested in their own as well as their children's health. In Liver Complaints and all disorders arising from those of a bilious type, should make use of the only genuine medicine, Hobensack's Liver Pills.

☞ "*Be not deceived,*" but ask for Hobensack's Worm Syrup and Liver Pills, and observe that each has the signature of the Proprietor, J. N. HOBENSACK, as none else are genuine.
Aug 21 1852. 1y16

LIGHTNING RODS.

WE are now prepared to put up the Premium Rods and Points for any who would like to be protected from the dangers of the lightning. Remember the man that locked his barn after his horse was stolen, and do not wait until your house or barn gets a stroke before you set rods to your buildings. A word to the wise is sufficient.

LIDDELL & CO.

N. B.—All orders from a distance punctually attended to.—Rods and points at wholesale.
March 13, 1852. 1f11

PIANO FORTE EMPORIUM.

361 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK. The most extensive and varied assortment of Rosewood Piano Fortes, plain and ornamental, elegant patterns, elaborately carved, and highly finished with Pearl keys, all of our own manufacture, and warranted in every particular, can be found at our Warerooms, 361 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK. Sept. 23—1y30. BENNETT & CO.

TIN, COPPER AND SHEET IRON ESTABLISHMENT.

N. MURPHY would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally that he has located himself at the old stand of Middleton & Murphy, on the Park Row with a large and better assortment of Tin Copper and Sheet Iron Ware, manufactured from the best iron, and offered at the most reasonable rates, wholesale or retail. He has on hand Stoves of all prices and qualities constructed with reference to usefulness and convenience, and of the most durable material. Also stovepipe and elbow, and an assortment of

JAPAN WARE.

Which he flatters himself is unexcelled, if equaled, in this city.—Milk pans of all sizes and Cheese vats of every description constantly on hand. Determined to pursue the business with energy and faithfulness, and to spare no effort to render satisfaction, he hopes to receive and merit a liberal share of public patronage.
Erie May 1 1852. 51.

FISH—Just receiving, Whitefish, Mackerel, Shad, Cousth and Herring selling at a moderate tariff at our store.
Erie, Nov. 6 1852—28 VINCENT, HIMROD. & O D

PITTSBURG LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY!!!
Capital $100,000.

MUTUAL AND JOINT STOCK RATES COMBINED.

Office under Mansion Hall, 5th St., Pitts., Pa.

IT insures on the Joint Stock and Mutual principles, thus having two distinct departments, combines the privileges of two separate companies, at the expense only of conducting a single institution, and controlled by one board of Directors, thus securing harmony, frugality and safety.

OFFICERS.

James S. Hoon, President. J. C Leech, Treas.
S. M'Clarkan, Vice Pres't. C. A. Colton, Sec'y.

DIRECTORS.

J. S. Hoon,	Joseph S. Leech,
John Scott,	Charles A. Colton,
S. M'Clarken,	Wm. Phillips.

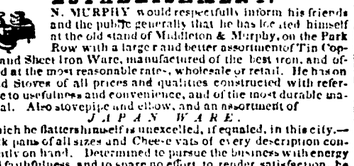
BOARD OF FINANCE.

Hon. Wm Wilkins, Late Secretary of War.
Hon. Walter Forward, Late Secretary of Treasury.
John Snyder, Esq., Cashier of Pittsburg Bank.
Malcolm Leech, Esq., Wholesale Grocer.

MEDICAL BOARD, CONSULTING PHYSICIANS.

J. Gazzam, M. D., J. Brooke, M. D., W. Addison, M. D., E. G. Edrington, M. D. L. BRAINARD, General Agent.

The undersigned agent of the company at this place and vicinity, is now prepared to receive applications for Insurance, also to furnish books and circulars explaining the principles of the company to any who may wish. A. B. CHAPIN, Agent,
Erie, Oct. 30 1852—25 No. 2 Williams' Block.



PIANO FORTES!

THE Subscribers would respectfully invite attention to their stock of Piano Fortes, among them may be found the best assortment of Boardman & Gray's with and without the celebrated Dolce Campana attachment, (not Boston) ever offered west of Albany. The superiority of these Pianos is universally acknowledged, and they have received ten first class premiums within the past five years, in all places where placed in competition with *all the makes generally known in this vicinity.* The eight hundred dollar Piano sold by us last month to a gentleman in Philadelphia was pronounced the finest ever exhibited in the city. Every instrument is warranted to give perfect satisfaction and the new attachment is now so much in use that a Piano is not considered perfect without it. We shall be happy to show to all who call on us, and pledge ourselves to deliver in this city any Piano Forte made by them at precisely the same price charged at the manufactory without adding transportation, &c.
Buffalo, Dec. 15 1852—3m32. J. SAGE & SONS.

SHAWLS of every description at the New York Store—selling at half price. Dec. 18-32. MERRICK & DAVIS.

BOTTLES and Flasks, Vials and jars selling at wholesale and retail at the city drug store. Dec. 4-30. P. HALL.

FANNERS Oil for sale at the lowest market price, by the gal or barrel warranted pure fish oil, also a nice article of sola, lamp oil and burning fluid for sale at the city drug store, state st.
Erie, Dec. 4 1852. 30 P. HALL

BLEACHED GOODS—A large amount on hand, which will be sold at low rates at July 17 1852—10 J B. COOK'S.

To Rent.

A THREE story dwelling, familiarly known as the "Bank House," on State street, is offered for rent on reasonable terms. It is one of the finest edifices, as well as most agreeable residence in the city. Possession given on the 1st of April next. Apply to Erie Dec. 18—32. I ROZENSWEIG.

War with Spain!

THE subscriber, grateful to his friends and the public for the liberal patronage extended to him during his short career in the mercantile business, takes this method of informing them that he still continues to sell goods at his unusually low prices, for Cash only, believing that small profits and quick sales is the great secret of doing business. Among his present stock may be found Broad cloths, cassimeres, satinetts, vestings, jeans, all wool, cashmere, palm leaf, silk and strandilla long and square shawls, paramettas, merinoes, delaines, ginghams, undersleeves, embroidered collars, muslin edgings, insertings, silk and linen hdkfs, plain and embroidered, gloves and hosiery, velvet ribbons, lace, gimp and a general assortment of dress trimmings, merrimac and other prints, brown and bleached shirtings and sheetings, all of which will be sold cheaper than any other house in the city dare offer the same quality of goods.

New York Cash Store, 4 doors east of Erie Bank.
Erie Dec. 18—32 JOHN SWEENEY.

CROCKERY.—The largest stock, the best ware, and the lowest prices in this city is at
Erie, Dec. 18, 1852. ARBUCKLE & KEPLER'S.

78 SACKS Buckwheat Flour, just received and for sale.
Erie Dec. 4—30 CLARK & McCARTER.

9849 YDS. M. Delains, Cashmeres, Persian Cloths, etc. These we guarantee to sell for less money than they were jobbed for two weeks ago 28 TIBBALS & HAYES.

WINDOW glass of all sizes and qualities, warranted good and will be sold at a small advance above first cost, great inducements for purchasers to buy at the City Drug store.
Erie, Dec. 4 1852. P. HALL.

BRANDIES, Wines, Liquors, Alcohol and everything in the trade warranted good and pure will be sold in the most satisfactory manner. Erie Dec. 4 1852—30 P. HALL.

SUGARS!

CRUSHED, Pulverised, Loaf, Granulated, Porto Rico and New Orleans sugars by the bbl or pound, cheap as the cheapest at the Keystone Grocery. Dec. 4 1852—30. T. W. MOORE.

FISH!

IRISH Herring, Mackerel, White and Codfish for sale by
Dec. 4-30. T. W. MOORE, Opposite Brown's New Hotel.

TEAS! TEAS!! TEAS!!!

THE best and cheapest lot of Green and Black Teas in this city can be found at the grocery store of T. W. MOORE,
Erie Dec. 4—30. Opposite Brown's New Hotel state st.

STEWART'S Syrup, Porto Rico and New Orleans Molasses for sale cheap at Dec. 4 1852—30. MOORE'S Grocery.

BRUSHES, paint, varnish, dusting, hair, flesh, hat, horse, counter, scrub, scouring, blacking, white-wash, nail, tooth, crumb, camel hair, pencil, blacker, shoe, window, hearth and sparkling brushes of first quality and selling to suit the times, call and get a great bargain. Erie Dec. 4 1852—30 P. HALL.

R. W. HARRIS,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
120 Main Street, (2 Doors South of Sherman's) Buffalo.

MR. H. having opened an extensive GENTLEMEN'S CLOTHING and FURNISHING ESTABLISHMENT, at the above Store, it is his determination to pay exclusive attention to the

CUSTOM BUSINESS.

From the patronage which he has already received, from gentlemen, Mr H. feels assured that the mode of doing business, which he has adopted, does and will give entire satisfaction to all who desire to have their garments made up in GOOD TASTE from the first quality of MATERIALS.

N. B.—The "recent improvements" may be seen at the above rooms. W. H. SHERMAN.
Erie, Sept. 10, 1851. 18

THE CRYSTAL PALACE NOW OPEN

FOR VISITORS!

THE proprietor, W. H. KNOWLTON, has just returned from the Empire city, with the largest, cheapest and best assortment of JEWELRY AND FANCY GOODS ever before imported from that city west of Dunkirk, all of which, are now ready for inspection. On the first floor, No. 1, may be found a large assortment of Gold and Silver Watches, Gold guard and Fob Chains, Keys and Seals, Finger Rings of every description, Breast pins of all sorts and sizes. Cuff pins and bracelets Gold, silver, and German silver thimbles, gold pencils and pens; steel fob and guard chains, Keys, &c. Having made arrangements with the manufacturers at the east to furnish a supply every week fresh from the mint, he will be able to furnish those articles cheaper than any other establishment west of the terminus of the New York and Erie Railroad Also, on hand, at wholesale or retail, any quantity of Looking Glasses, Brass Clocks and other tinepieces.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.—Such as piano fortes, melodeons, bass viols, guitars, violins, banjoes, tambourines, clarionets, flutes, flageolets, fifes, accordeons, &c., solar and camphene lamps, and gerondols, extra globes, chimneys and wicks, silver and German silver table and teaspoons, sugar and salt scoops, butter knives.

CUTLERY.—A very fine article of Penknives of the most celebrated makers, Razors and Razor straps, scissors and shears. Gold, silver, and German silver and steel spectacles.

BRITTANIA WARE.—Tea sets, castors, and candlesticks.

MISCELLANEOUS.—China Cases, Fancy Boxes. Plated and Brass snuffers and trays, steel bag, and purse clasps, hair combs, ivory do., steel pens, card cases, visiting cards and envelopes, gammion boards, dominoes, chess men, wallets and pocket books, knives and forks, tea-servers, &c.

All of which will be shown to his visiters at any time between the hours of 6 A. M. and 9 P. M., free gratis, and a small fee only will be taken from those who may wish to take some of said articles home with them.

☞ Said Palace is located on the ground formerly occupied by said Knowlton, one door west of the Reed House.
Erie, Sept. 6.—17

DUNLAP'S BOOK OF FORMS!

New Edition.

E. C. & J. Biddle, No. 6 South 6th-st., Philadelphia, have just published a *Book of Forms*, containing

MORE THAN TWELVE HUNDRED FORMS,

For practice in the Courts of Pennsylvania and of the United States, and for Conveyancing; also for the use of Public Officers and Men of Business generally. Adapted to the recent acts of assembly of Pennsylvania, with explanatory remarks and numerous precedents and references to standard authorities. To which are appended a Glossary of Law terms and a copious Index. By James D. Dunlap, Counsellor at Law, &c. Second Edition. Price—Four Dollars.

The publishers have already received from nearly all of the President Judges of our State, and from other gentleman eminent in the legal profession, their opinions of the work, which are of a highly complimentary nature. The following are selected from a large number of as equally favorable character.

Wellsborough, April 8 1852.

Gentlemen: The collections of court forms for conveyancing, &c., which had been in use previous to the publication of Dunlap's work in 1845, needed revision to make them convenient, and to adapt them to changes which legislation had rendered necessary in the practice in the courts of Pennsylvania.

Your edition of that work therefore received, as it merited, the approbation of the legal profession, and supplied a want which was felt by business men generally throughout the State.

After the numerous testimonials which you have received from eminent judges, in respect to the usefulness and excellence of that work, commendation from me would be superfluous, &c.

I may be permitted, however, to remark that I approve of the general character and arrangement of the work, and, having examined a portion of the new edition which you are publishing, I may add that the author has greatly enlarged and improved his first edition, and that, when published, his book will be the most convenient and useful one of the kind extant.

Very truly yours, &c.,
Messrs. E. C. & J. Biddle, R. G. WHITE.

Pittsburgh, April 14 1852.

Gentlemen: "Dunlap's Conveyancing and Forms" is a work of decided merit. I am glad to find that it can be reproduced, with many valuable additions It should be in the hands not only of lawyers and magistrates, but of the business community generally. There is scarcely a position in life in which a man will not occasionally find himself in need of the assistance of such a work.

I hope the author may be abundantly renumerated for the earning and industry bestowed upon it.

With great respect, yours, &c.,
Messrs. E. C. & J. Biddle. WALTER FORWARD.

Greensburgh, April 9, 1852.

Gentlemen: You have favored me with the printed sheets, from page 9 to 136 inclusive, of the second edition of Mr. Dunlap's Book of Forms. I am pleased to learn that a second edition of his work is about being issued. It has been, and now is, one of the best works of the kind in the hands of the profession, and is evidently much improved by the author's revision and additions.

I have the pleasure of an acquaintance with Mr. Dunlap He is a gentleman whose respectable professional attainments and methodical habit of mind fit him well to be the author of such a work. I shall not hesitate to recommend it to the gentlemen of the Bar in the 10th district. Very respectfully, &c.,
Messrs. E. C. & J. Biddle. J. M. BURRELL.

Huntingdon, April 26 1852.

Gentlemen: Important changes in our statutes, since the publication of Dunlap's Conveyancing and Forms," seemed to call for some enlargement of that exceedingly useful work The edition which you are about to publish, embodying as it does a very large amount of new and varied matter, and being so well adapted to general and present wants, cannot fail to be greeted with a cordial welcome by the profession.

A familiar acquaintance with the work, and a careful examination of the sheets of the forthcoming edition, enable me to recommend it, with great confidence, as a book which should be in the hands of every scrivener, and have an early place in the library of every gentleman engaged in the practice of the law.

Very respectfully, yours &c.,
Messrs. E. C. & J. Biddle. GEORGE TAYLOR.

Oct. 30 1852. 1f25

Dress Trimmings.

SILK fringes, lace gimp, Jenny Lind trimmings ribbon do velvet ribbons, silk braid, worsted do. gilt edged and plain silk trimmings, buttons and other kinds of trummings at
Erie Nov. 6 1852—26. SMITH JACKSON'S.

LADIES Snow Overshoes, a new and desirable style; also, Ladies Fine Gaiters, of all sizes from twos to sevens, for sale by Sept. 25. WILCOX & NORTON.

A LARGE supply of fresh Drugs and Chemicals warranted pure, offered for sale at the lowest prices by P. HALL,
City Drug Store State-st., Erie Pa. Dec. 4 1852—30

ERIE AND NORTH EAST RAIL ROAD.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after Monday Nov. 22d 1852, Trains leave Erie going East daily, Sundays excepted, as follows.

No. 1, Day Express and Mail at	12 20	P. M.
" 2, Freight	" 3 00	" "
" 4, Night Express	" 1 20	A. M.

Trains leave by Eastern Railroad time, which is about thirty (30) minutes faster than Erie Time. J. F. TRACY,
Erie Nov. 27 1852—29. Sup't

PURE and extra whiteleaf, dry and ground in oil by the pound keg or ton, Linseed oil from Ohio warranted pure, boiled and unboiled, by the barrel or gallon, spirits Turpentine in abundance, varnishes of every kind, chrome green and yellow, American, Chinese, vermillion and venition red, yellow ochre, french yellow, Paris green, lamp black of every quality, Prussian and ultra-marine blue, whiting, red lead, litharge, Turkey umber and every other kind of paints and materials in the trade which are offered as low as can be bought in this latitude.
Erie Dec. 4 1852—30 P. HALL.

50 Boxes superior Cavendish Tobacco of all grades, also pure natural leaf Tobacco for sale by
Erie Nov. 6 1852—26. STERRETT & GRAY, Cheapside.

100 BBLS Coffee, Crushed, Powdered, Granulated and Refined Sugars, at Nov. 6-26 STERRETT & GRAY.

25 HHDS. all grades of Brown Sugar for sale by
Erie Nov. 6 1852—26 STERRETT & GRAY.

SOAPS.—A very great variety of soaps for the Toilet and each purpose, including all the latest and most elegant and high perfumed kinds. At CARTER & BROTHER'S, No. 6 Reed House.

THE DELAWARE MUTUAL SAFETY INSURANCE COMPANY,
of Philadelphia.

ARE now doing business on the Mutual plan, giving the insured a participation in the profits of the Company, without liability beyond the premium paid.

Risks upon the Lakes and Canal insured on the most favorable terms. Losses will be liberally and promptly adjusted.

Fire risks on merchandize, buildings and other property, in town or country, for a limited term permanently.

DIRECTORS.

Joseph H. Seal,	James C. Hand,	Edmond A. ouder
Theophilus Paulding,	John C. Davis,	H. Jones Brooke,
Robert Burton,	John Garrett,	John B. Penrose,
Hugh Craig,	Samuel Edwards,	George Serrell,
Henry Lawrence	David B. Stacey.	Edward Darlington.
Charles Kelley,	Isaac R. Davis,	J. G. Johnson,
William Folwell,	William Hay,	John A. Newlin,
Dr. S. Thomas,	Dr. R. M. Huston,	John siller, Jr.
	Spencer McIlvaine,	

Richards. Newbould, Sec'y; Wm. Martin Pres't

☞ Application can be made to J. KELLOGG, Erie Agent,
Erie, Feb. 10, 1852.

The Erie County Mutual Insurance Company

THIS Company divided their risks into two classes, viz,—First Class of *Farmers Company*, in which farm property and detatched buildings may be insured. No risk taken in this class to exceed $3000.

Second Class or Commercial Department, in which various kinds of buildings, merchandize &c., in Villages and Cities, may be insured. No risk taken in this Class to exceed $2,500. The funds in one Class will not be taken to pay losses in another. *NO RISK TAKEN TO EXCEED $2,500.*

Directors.

Smith Jackson,	James D. Dunlap,
J. H. Fullerton,	J. C. Marshall,
Wm. F. Rindernecht,	John Zimmerly,
Wm. A. Galbraith,	Peter E. Burton,
Jos. M. Sterrett,	J. D. Clark,
C. M. Tibbals,	Geo. Selden,

J. H. Williams.

OFFICERS.

Smith Jackson, Pres't, J. H. Williams, Treas.
JONAS GUNNISON, Sec'y.

Office first door west of Williams & Wrights Brokers' Office, (up stairs.)

Office hours from 10 to 12, A. M., and from half past 1 to 4, P. M.
May 22, 1852. 2

FISK'S PATENT METALIC BURIAL CASES.

THE Undersigned having secured the exclusive Agency for the sale of the above named Burial Cases, for Erie County, and deeming them one which depends solely upon its own merits would respectfully solicit an inspection of the same at his

Ready-Made Coffin Ware-Room.

East side of State between 7 and 8th sts., over the Sharon Iron Company's Store where satisfactory references and testimonials as to their practical utility can be given, which together with a personal inspection cannot but recommend them to the favorable consideration of all those who in the dispensation of Divine Providence have occasion for the use of a Coffin. The undersigned would here add that these cases are of a classic form, and correspond in the human figure, the outlines of the body are highly ornamental, and regarded as less repulsive more beautiful and unique in appearance, than any other article used as receptacles for the dead; they are made of the most unperishable materials, are enameled inside and out, so as not to rust or corrode and when cemented together are perfectly air-tight, preventing the exhalation of offensive gases, so that when the dead are thus retained or kept for weeks before burial, awaiting the arrival of absent friends; they are light and portable, at the same time being more or less curvilinear, they possess more than sufficient strength to resist all the pressure of gases from the body, which they are subject to while in use; and bodies may be disinterred even after a lapse of many years, and removed to any part of the country, without the slightest disagreeable odor arising from them.

In the use of these Burial Cases, the gratifying reflection is afforded to surviving friends and relatives, that the mortal remains of those once dearly beloved are enclosed and deposited where they will remain in peace, free from the irruption of water, the depredations of vermin, and comparatively beyond the liability of desecration of dissectors, and will be permitted to undergo a transformation, or return to their native elements, from natural causes alone.

☞ The undersigned has constantly on hand and for sale at his ware rooms as above Rose-wood, Mahogony, Black-walnut, both covered and of cheaper Coffin of all kinds of Trimmings, ready for immediate use; also a shrouds of all sizes for both sexes.

N. B. He is prepared to take the general superintendance of funerals, and furnish Hearse and Carriages if desired.
Erie July 17 1852. 10 ALLEN A. CRAIG.

EYE INFIRMARY.

DR. C. J. FOX, of New York City, has located permanently in the city of Erie, for the treatment and cure of Diseases of the Eye, in all their varieties and stages. Having assisted and been in active practice for several years in the various departments of the science of Medicine, he flatters himself that all diseases admitting of cure may be accomplished under his treatment.

REFERENCES.—Prof. Mott and Faculty of New York: Prof. Marsh and Faculty of Albany Medical College; Dr. Leach, Eye Infirmary, Utica, N. Y.

Office with Dr. Brownnell; No. 3, Hughes' Block.
Erie, June 5. 4.

**Wl. C. BRALEY